

CORRECT on all occasions

VULCAIN

SWISS MADE



SKANDEN

SWEDISH MADE RECORD SYSTEMS

AT REASONABLE PRICES

HONGKONG TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE

9 D'Almeida Street Tel. 31488

UN Revision Of Armistice Proposals Is Acceptable

PEKING RADIO BROADCAST

Tokyo, Nov. 22.

Peking Radio indicated today that the Communists are prepared to accept a planned UN revision of the Red proposal breaking the armistice deadlock.

An English language broadcast on Wednesday's meeting at Pan Mun Jom emphasised that the Communists were interested primarily in establishing the "principle" of how the truce line would be finally fixed rather than insisting upon an immediate withdrawal from the 2.6-mile wide buffer zone that will mark the ceasefire line.

JAP TRADE THROUGH HONGKONG

London, Nov. 21.

British officials said today that the Sterling agreement with Japan would be reviewed next month when Japan would be able to raise the question of transit trade through Hongkong.

They said that Japan made no official complaints so far regarding changes in the Japanese economic journal, Nihon Keizai, that Hongkong was a loophole through which Japan was losing dollar revenues.

The Nihon Keizai last week reportedly demanded a revision of the Anglo-Japanese Sterling payments agreement made in August, because Hongkong was capitalising on transfer from the dollar to open accounts area by re-examining Japanese goods for Sterling payments.

"Our attitude to the Sterling payments agreement with Japan should be allowed to run for a few months to see how it works out and to bring it up for any necessary revision in March next year," the Japanese economic journal said.

The British officials, however, said: "We have received no complaint from Japan regarding the position in Hongkong trade or Japan losing dollars through Hongkong trade."—United Press.

The UN delegates planned today to submit a 17-word insertion in the Communist three-point counter-plan to clarify the point that there will be no withdrawal from the battlefield and no end of the fighting until a full armistice agreement is signed.

The United Nations insertion to the otherwise acceptable Communist formula is: "We agree that there will be no withdrawal of troops until a full armistice is signed."

AMBIGUOUS

The wording of Peking Radio's version of the Communist formula indicated that this was what the Communists had in mind. The ambiguous Paragraph One of the Red plan as Peking broadcast it was that "the establishment of the principle that the actual line of contact between both sides be fixed as the military demarcation line and that both sides withdraw two kilometres from this line so as to establish a demilitarised zone."

The plan as submitted at Pan Mun Jom read: "The principle is accepted that the actual line of contact between both sides be fixed as the military demarcation line and that both sides withdraw two kilometres from this line so as to establish the demilitarised zone."

The radio version appeared to carry the final grammatical distinction that the withdrawal clause directly refers to the "establishment of the principle."—United Press.

Latest Picture Of His Majesty The King



This picture of the King, taken on the occasion of Prince Charles' third birthday, is the latest study of His Majesty since his serious operation. It shows that the King has made a wonderful recovery from his illness. — Central Press Photo.

Woman On Unique Charge

Camden, New Jersey, Nov. 21.

Miss Lena Tiro, 25, was held today on a charge of being a common scold—the first person to be so charged here in 20 years.

Patrolman Herman Kuebler testified that Tiro berated him when he sought to quiet her as she shouted at officials in the offices of the County Relief Board.

"You've been here at least a dozen times," Judge Benjamin Dzick told the woman, "and it has got to the point where officers dread to see you because of the abuse you heap on them." The Police said that Tiro had been previously on a disorderly conduct charge for creating a disturbance in the Bureau of Municipal Welfare over demands for increased relief payments.

The authorities said that if convicted of the common scold charge Tiro would face a fine or 30 days imprisonment.—United Press.

More Canal Zone Incidents

Bodies Of 2 British Soldiers Recovered

Fayid, Nov. 21.

The bodies of two British soldiers were found today in the sweet water canal at Ismailia, where they had been thrown after being shot.

The two soldiers had been missing since Sunday afternoon—the day of street fighting between Egyptian police and British troops—in which four British officers were killed.

The fighting broke out soon after the men had left the flat where the wife of one of them was living, to return to their unit.

Royal Air Force Police found the first body, badly mutilated, in the canal opposite an Egyptian police headquarters this morning. Troops of the Royal Lincolnshire Regiment found the second body nearby a few hours later.

British Army investigators have opened an inquiry.

INJURED BY ACID

Several incidents were reported throughout the Canal Zone today.

A British spokesman said that an Egyptian threw acid in a soldier's face in Suez yesterday. The soldier was in hospital today seriously ill. He was expected to lose an eye.

A home-made bomb exploded this morning near the headquarters of the Royal Lincolnshire Regiment, but caused no damage or casualties.

Near the Royal Air Force station at Ismailia three Egyptians dressed in European clothes held up a Sudanese police auxiliary and threatened him.

The Egyptian, armed with a revolver and a light automatic gun, told the Sudanese it was dangerous to work for the British. They fled when a Royal Air Force patrol car arrived.

The Army and the Royal Air Force today continued the emergency evacuation of about 1,200 Service families from Ismailia.

A spokesman said tonight that about one half of the families had already been moved out of their homes and the evacuation should be completed by the week-end.—Reuter.

Disarmament Plan

Russians May Be Amenable

Paris, Nov. 21.

Soviet Russia was today reliably reported to be prepared to accept certain parts of the Western disarmament plan now before the United Nations Political Committee, provided the Western Powers were willing to compromise on other parts of the scheme.

A Soviet source said today that the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. Andrei Vyshinsky, would give the Committee a detailed answer to the three-Power scheme on Friday.

The Soviet answer, the source added, would most likely draw attention to the points on which East-West agreement was possible providing that details acceptable to both sides would be worked out.

One Soviet objection to the Western plan for a stage by stage census of world armaments and armed forces was that no time limit was set for the transition from one stage to another.

MAIN CRITICISM

Mr. Vyshinsky was also expected to stress the Soviet Union's main criticism of the plan which was that it did not contain an outright prohibition of atomic weapons.

Sources close to the Soviet delegation predicted that Mr. Vyshinsky would also lay great stress in his speech on the meeting of the NATO Council beginning tomorrow in Rome. The Soviet argument was that any talk of disarmament in the United Nations was "unrealistic" as long as a group of nations were meeting to plan a gigantic rearmament scheme directed, according to Soviet thinking, against the Soviet Union.

Nevertheless, Soviet sources said that Mr. Vyshinsky was prepared to examine the Western plan in detail in the Political Committee and that he would propose a number of amendments to the tripartite resolution.

Until Mr. Vyshinsky speaks, the Political Committee is forced to mark time in its disarmament debate.—Reuter.

Gromyko Hands Out Notes

Moscow, Nov. 21.

The Acting Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Andrei Gromyko, today handed to the envoys of the Middle Eastern countries a note on the proposed Middle East Command.

M. Gromyko had summoned the envoys separately. He also called in the United States Charge d'Affaires and handed over a note. Its contents were not disclosed immediately.

The United States Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Hugh Cumming, declined to comment on the note. He said that the interview with the Soviet Acting Foreign Minister lasted five minutes.

The Embassy had forwarded the Soviet note to Washington.—Reuter.

Situation In Malaya: Gloomy Report

WHAT CORRESPONDENT DISCOVERED DURING A 1,000-MILE TOUR

London, Nov. 21.

One of the most critical surveys of the situation in Malaya ever to be published in a British newspaper appears as the front page "lead" in today's Daily Mail.

The paper's correspondent, Lachie Macdonald, who has just completed a 1,000-mile tour of Malaya, says, "The picture of Malaya is blacker today because after 40 months of open rebellion the Chinese Communist guerillas are pursuing a single-minded campaign of murder, intimidation and destruction while British leadership, both politically and in the field, still staggers wearily under the twin handicaps of confusion and tolerance."

"There is confusion between the police and the army about the direction of the battle; between various Government men and racial leaders about what should come first, victory or social uplift."

"And there is an admirable but misplaced tolerance towards those Chinese of all classes who are still sitting on the fence instead of actively helping to fight against the Communists."

Mr. Macdonald says he returned from his tour "disturbed by the real anxiety and growing impatience" of the local population of all races.

He attacks most branches of the Government anti-terrorist administration "from their propaganda 'which has always been a subject of laughter in planter's clubs' to their use of special constables to protect planters and miners."

"The whole question is political dynamite," Mr. Macdonald continues. "The Government has long been leaning on Malay support to end the guerilla warfare 'but it is an undeniable fact that many special constables are ill-trained, ill-disciplined, sometimes unreliable and occasionally corrupt.'"

General Briggs' plan for settlement also comes under the correspondent's fire. "Planters in some areas believe that the ranks of the resettlement guards and have more supporters among embittered members of the new communities than they previously had among the scattered squatter families uprooted and shifted to new settlements," he says.

PLAN FAILS

General Briggs' plan to sweep the peninsula from south to north, driving the Communists out and restoring law and order in the cleared areas, has "failed dismally," Mr. Macdonald goes on.

"The guerillas were soon again active behind the Briggs' broom."

The guerillas are able to keep going, he says, by re-equipping themselves with arms stolen from security patrols and special constables and paying their supporters handsomely with the proceeds of stolen rubber.

A Kuala Lumpur accountant told him that the guerillas must be collecting more than £1,100,000 a month in this way.

There is still great weakness in our Intelligence organisation, Mr. Macdonald says, and this is one of the problems immediately confronting the new Director of Operations, General Sir Rob Lockhart.

What is most needed in Malaya—even more than a larger number of troops—is stronger support from the Chinese people, from their leaders downward, Mr. Macdonald says.

"We lost the confidence of many anti-Communist Chinese when Britain recognised Red China, and this must be won back," he concludes.

"Persuasion will be needed, perhaps a downright ultimatum of 'help or take the consequences,' also a clear understanding that the Chinese, after victory, will share equally with other races in the citizenship rights of this country."—London Express Service.

INVISIBLE ENEMY

Singapore, Nov. 22.

The call for an "all-out war" against the Communist terrorists in Malaya has been made many times over in London, both inside and outside the House of Commons.

But, how an all-out war can be waged against an invisible enemy, who has the advantage of striking wherever and whenever he chooses, is something no one in London has been able to suggest constructively.

The campaign against the Malayan Communists is well in its fourth year and the Straits Times, one of the most influential English-language newspapers in the country, in an editorial remarked "we are worse off than when we began."

The arrival of Gen. Sir Rob Lockhart, who is to succeed Gen. Sir Harold Briggs, as Director of Operations raised many questions, both in the press and in the pubs.

With the retirement of Gen. Briggs probably will go also the much-publicised Briggs Plan, which was launched 18 months ago and called for the clearing of the Red terrorists state by state from the southernmost state of Johore to Perlis, the state bordering Thailand.

Although it has never been officially admitted it is clear that the Briggs Plan has not achieved the results for which it was launched.

PECULIAR WAR

The new Director of Operations told newsmen on his arrival from London that he had no set plan yet as to how he would go about to combat Communist terrorism in the country, but Gen. Lockhart will soon learn that the Communist war in Malaya does not end in the jungle or on the perimeter of the resettled areas. It is a peculiar war in that it cannot be won because it cannot get the enemy to come into the open for battle.

The Straits Times stressed that the essential task is how to intensify the fight on the political front and how the active co-operation of every non-Communist Malayan can be secured. This was exactly what Gen. Lockhart emphatically stressed he need on his arrival.

He told newsmen that the most important thing he would like to see is the active participation of the citizens in the fight against the terrorists. Asked to elaborate on this point, he said, the citizens should come forward with information to the security forces and "go at the terrorists themselves when the opportunity permits."

The callers in London for an all-out war may feel that more troops and more armour and more ruthlessness may end the Malayan terrorism in quick time. But those on the spot know it just can't be done that way.

Britain's Army, Navy and Air Force have been thrown into action for more than three years now. Heavy artillery and small arms, including the latest automatic weapons, go to equip the 140,000 odd security force personnel combating the Malayan jungles. The Royal Air Force is keeping up a ceaseless pounding of the thick jungles to harass the terrorists and hitting at possible hideouts. Yet, despite all these strong armour and firepower "the position today is worse off than it began."

THE PEOPLE'S ROLE

The Singapore Standard, another influential English daily, stressed "it should be obvious to intelligent people that the Communists cannot be held in check by increasing our military power. The dilemma is that we are now in the position of men trying to kill an ant by training their heaviest and biggest guns on it. By doing this they are making it worse off than it began."

(Contd. on Back Page Col. 1)

COMMENT OF THE DAY

Malaya: A Dark Picture

MR Lachie Macdonald's report on the situation in Malaya, which appears elsewhere on this page, makes sombre and discouraging reading. If his is an accurate assessment (and there is no reason to believe otherwise for Mr Macdonald is an experienced and objective reporter) it means that the anti-bandit campaign, costly in men, money and materials, is making no substantial progress. On the contrary recent developments support the contention that the Communists are operating with greater freedom than before. Our Singapore correspondent disclosed last week that the guerillas were now engaged in a successful campaign of intimidation directed against native workers on rubber plantations, one result of which has been to jeopardise Malaya's rubber-producing industry at considerable gold dollar loss to Britain. The real menace of the Communists' activities, however, lies in the undermining of confidence among the people in the ability of the legally constituted government to maintain law and order and to afford full protection to lives and property. The rebellion in Malaya is not merely a military problem. It has wide political implications calling for counter-political measures. The Briggs Plan, apparently, has failed. Just why, it is not very clear. In essence it was

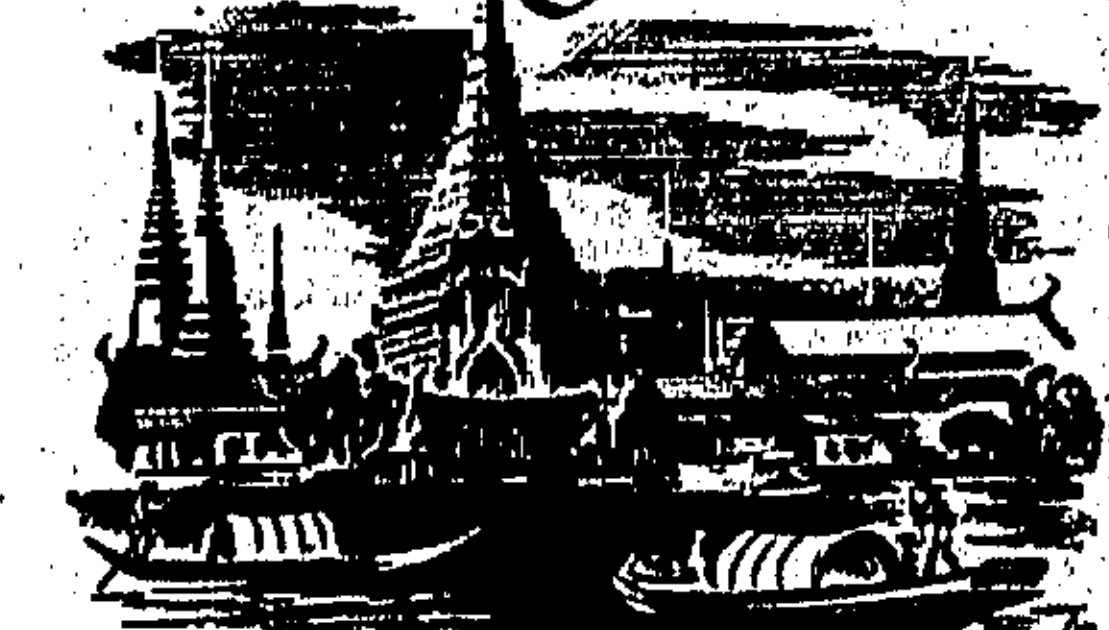
sound and practicable. But it appears that the resettlement scheme, the principal feature of the Briggs Plan, has been sabotaged by the successful infiltration of Communist agents within the new areas. This suggests the Authorities have not been adequately served by their intelligence and security departments. But whatever the shortcomings of the Briggs Plan it is now becoming more widely recognised that it requires the unstinted and practical co-operation of the general populace to bring about the eradication of the Communist menace in Malaya. The urgent task confronting the Authorities is to convince the people that it is in their own interests to fight and repel the guerillas; that their own future welfare is at stake; that Communism holds nothing for them but terror and degradation. The illegal activities of the Communist partisans are inimical to the will of the people and it is the duty of the Government to convince them of this and to arouse them from their present state of ill-conceived passiveness to active participation in the struggle against the rebels. If this cannot be done the prospects of an effective campaign to restore peace and tranquillity to Malaya are not encouraging.

Hazards That Should Not Exist

LAST night's fire disaster at Kowloon City is another grim reminder of the dangers to life and property created by the existence of squatter colonies. That at Tung Tau village, apparently, was not used wholly as a living place for workers, but amongst the huts were one-room factories, while other structures were used as storehouses for chemicals and fireworks. The presence of such inflammable goods in overcrowded squatter areas serves only to add to the ever-present hazards of

fire and to imperil the safety of those who have to make their living quarters in the area. As an ordinary precaution the use of squatters' huts for storing explosive and inflammable goods must be banned and the ban rigorously enforced. Nor should there be any half measures about dealing with offenders. Fires in squatter villages are difficult enough to handle without firemen being confronted with the additional problem of dealing with explosions caused by the presence of combustible chemicals and fuel tanks.

BOUND FOR Bangkok?



Go the convenient, comfortable way...by Flying Clipper

Have more time in Bangkok for business or sight-seeing fun. Fly there swiftly, comfortably—by big, four-engine Pan American Clipper.

Aboard the Clippers you relax in luxurious lounge chair seats. You're served tempting meals, complimentary of Pan American. You enjoy traditional Clipper service, stewardess hospitality.

The Clippers take off three times a week for Bangkok. From there you can fly on around the world by Clipper to Rome, Paris or New York. For reservations, call your Travel Agent or...

Hong Kong Hotel, Phone 31659, 31830
Peninsula Hotel, Phone 57585, 57675, 57694 • Hong Kong

*Trade Mark, Pan American World Airways, Inc.

PAN AMERICAN

World's Most Experienced Airline

CLASH IN UN OVER HONDURAS

Paris, Nov. 21. Guatemala and Britain clashed in the United Nations Trusteeship Committee today over the ownership of British Honduras.

Mr. Jose Luis Mendoza (Guatemala) told the 60-nation Committee that his country objected to Belize, in Honduras, being mentioned as British territory in the United Nations documents. Guatemala reserved full rights of sovereignty.

Guatemala has been disputing for 100 years Britain's possession of the Central American territory of Honduras. She claims that a frontier convention drawn up in 1859 was rendered void because of Britain's failure to honour a clause obliging her to build a road.

Mr. Mendoza said that Belize was being "colonized" by Britain and all freedom was suppressed.

He alleged that the Legislative Council had been suppressed and that trials for sedition were going on.

"The situation in the territory is completely intolerable," he said.

The British delegate, Sir Alan Burns, a former Governor of British Honduras, asked the Chairman, Dr. Max Henric Ureña (Dominican Republic) to record Britain's formal protest against the Guatemalan statement. Sir Alan said that Britain had already offered to submit the question of ownership of British Honduras to the International Court of Justice and this offer would be open until 1955. Reuter.

IRAQI REGENT'S OPERATION

London, Nov. 21. The Regent of Iraq, Emir Abdul Ilah, who had a successful operation for appendicitis here on Monday, is making good progress, it was learned at the Iraqi Embassy today.

The Regent flew to London from Baghdad last week for operation.—Reuter.

Barkley Visit To Japan

Tokyo, Nov. 21. United States Vice-President Alben Barkley arrived here by plane today on a surprise visit to Japan. His plane touched down at Haneda Airport at 7.55 a.m.

On hand to greet him were General Matthew B. Ridgway, Supreme Allied Nations Commander, Prime Minister Shigeru Yoshida of Japan, U.S. Ambassador William Sebald and other dignitaries.—Associated Press.

Immigrants' Sit-Down Strike Over

Tel-Aviv, Nov. 21. The 150 Jewish immigrants from India who started a sit-down strike near the Jewish Agency offices here, demanding immediate repatriation to India, have called off their threatened hunger strike and are returning to their homes this evening.

They have been promised by Agency officials that within two months all those who still wish to return to India will be enabled to do so.

Immigrants who had been squatting on the sidewalk since yesterday morning quietly collected their children and blankets and their few belongings and said that they were satisfied with the Agency's promise.

A Jewish Agency spokesman told Reuter that the Agency will investigate the immigrants' complaints within the next two months and if by then there are still some who persist in their request for repatriation, the Agency will do its best to arrange their return to India.

Some of the immigrants possess Indian passports while others came as Pakistani refugees, and special permits will be needed for them from the Indian authorities, the spokesman said.—Reuter.

General Vandenberg Of Expanding Soviet Air Strength Warns

Eritrean Banditry Revival

Asmara, Nov. 21. Following a period of calm, there has been a resurgence of Shifra (armed bandit) activity in Eritrea.

Within two days a train on the Keren route and a bus carrying passengers from Keren to Asmara were held up. In both cases passengers were robbed of everything they possessed and all the goods being carried in the train and bus were carried away. The value of the Shifra haul was estimated at £8,000.

Soon afterwards a band of nine armed men led by the brothers Berhane and Mahan Adorio, who formerly belonged to the gang of Assefesse Emlak, a notorious and fierce Shifra leader, stole 70 shillings and made off with six villagers for whose release a ransom of £35 was demanded.

Vengeance is believed to have been behind this particular raid, for the villagers some time ago overpowered and handed over to the authorities two bandits who approached them for food. The two were tried and hanged.

The Administration took action against the Adorios family by sequestering their property and cattle and by detaining all male relatives.

17 HANGED
Seventeen Shifra have recently been caught, tried and hanged in the central prison here, while 1,400 Shifra have surrendered under the terms of the general amnesty offered them.

The Chief Administrator, Mr. D. C. Cunningham, who lately returned from London, has issued another warning to heads of districts, tribes and villages and requested the co-operation of all law-abiding people in preventing the Shifra from causing further trouble.

The warning, printed in leaflet form in Tigrinya and Arabic, has been widely distributed throughout the territory, partly by air drops.

The Eritrean Administration, in the meantime, is increasing the number of patrols in the Keren and Seraye areas. Mounted and foot and transported platoons are operating in full co-operation with spotting planes.—Reuter.

London, Nov. 21. Mr. A. H. Joyce, head of the Information Department of the Commonwealth Relations Office, will leave London on November 26 for a nine-week tour of Pakistan and India. The purpose of his visit is to see the working of the British Information Services in the principal cities of the two countries. Mr. Joyce will first visit Pakistan.—Reuter.

STAR
17, Hankow Rd. Kowloon
— TO-DAY ONLY —
AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

JOAN CRAWFORD and VAN HEELIN
"POSSESSED"
GERALDINE BROOKS
RAYMOND MASSEY
DIRECTED BY CURTIS BERNHARDT
STORY BY JERRY WALK
• TO-MORROW •
"BLACK MAGIC"

POP
WHY DON'T YOU TYPE YOUR SHORT STORIES? I CAN'T READ THEM!
"BLACK MAGIC"

Washington, Nov. 21. The Chief of the United States Air Force underlined today the "sobering lesson" of swiftly expanding Soviet air power as revealed in Korea, where American control of the air is being "seriously challenged" by Russian-made planes, flown by Russian-speaking pilots.

In a remarkably detailed and frank news conference based on his recent visit to Korea, General Hoyt Vandenberg read a 4,000-word formal statement and answered a barrage of questions. Of the air situation there, he said there had been a significant and "even sinister change." He cited these points:

1. The Communist air force has deployed in North China and Manchuria about 1,500 planes, approximately one-half of which are MIG-15 jet fighters. The MIG in many respects "outperforms" our own F-86; it has outclimbed the best planes that have been tested against it.

2. The MIG can fly "at speeds in excess of the speed of sound," thus it is apparent that the Soviets "already have large numbers of military aircraft capable of supersonic flight."

3. Overnight, China has become one of the major air powers of the world, General Vandenberg explained, adding that while Red China lacks industrial and technical resources, she is the "direct beneficiary of another power" which possesses those resources. He was referring to Russia.

4. The Communists are trying to push their airfield building programme southward toward the place where the ground armies are locked in battle. By continuous bombing effort, the U.S. Air Force has managed to keep three new enemy fields of this type out of operation.

5. While the UN Air Force at present still retains superiority over the Communist Air Force, its activities are limited by the "ground" rules. It cannot get at the take-off points of enemy fighters, destroy them in great numbers and gain actual air "supremacy" (which means the enemy becomes incapable of effective interference).

General Vandenberg, obviously referring to the ban on UN attacks on Red air bases across the Yalu River in Manchuria, spoke of the "unusual and indeed unique limitation governing the scope of the air war." He said that "under the ground rules established at the outset of the Korean war, it is impossible for us to gain air supremacy."

MANCHURIAN BASES
This brought up two questions: Has the Air Force made a new effort to get permission to bomb the Manchurian bases? Does it want to use the atomic bomb in the Korean war?

To the first question General Vandenberg said: "The crossing of the Yalu River is a political decision that must be taken by the United States with its United Nations allies."

To the second, he said, "Any decision to use atomic bombs is a Governmental question with which I have nothing to do."

To another question, he said there are no suitable targets in Korea for atomic bombs. Moreover, he explained, conventional explosive bombs are better for ripping up air fields than the massive, broad blast of an atomic explosion.

Gen. Vandenberg thought the sudden expansion of enemy air power in Korea signified a "terrible disadvantage" the Communists had been operating under. He said the rapid build-up in enemy air strength represents "a massive effort on his part to overcome our air superiority." It is the pressure of UN attack on Communist forces, and reduce the overall fire power of UN forces in Korea.

Then, as he neared the conclusion of his formal statement, General Vandenberg turned again to Russia's expanding power in the air. He cited the lesson in Korea as a simple one. "It is that not even the most powerful industrial nation on earth nor the people with the

highest technical gifts, can expect to maintain their advantages against the power of a supposedly backward nation, determined to overcome these handicaps, regardless of cost and sacrifice.

"The Russians have grasped the general meaning of the revolution in military strength brought about by the development of air power."

"It is obvious that they do not intend to accept the frustration of their world-wide aims which our superior air-atomic power has imposed upon them since World War II."

"On the basis of what they have already disclosed in Korea and of what we know of their progress in the field of atomic energy, we must face the fact that the air supremacy upon which we have relied in the past is now faced with a serious challenge."

This challenge can be met only by far more serious efforts than this country has previously contemplated or planned."—Associated Press.

Queen Elizabeth's Niece Married In City Church



The Queen's niece, Miss Mary Bowes-Lyon, was married to Lt Timothy Coman RN at the ancient City church of St. Bartholomew's, West Smithfield. Picture shows the bride and groom leaving under an archway of naval swords.—Central Press.

Britain Ponders New Solution To The Oil Dispute

London, Nov. 21. Official quarters said today that Britain is considering the feasibility of the International Bank acting as trustee for the Iranian oil industry as a solution to the Anglo-Iranian oil dispute.

Commenting on the International Bank's statement in Washington yesterday that it would be willing to consider any proposal by which it might help in solving the dispute, officials said that no formal request to the bank had yet been made but such action is being considered.

An official said, "The International Bank's announcement should be considered in the light of the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden's speech in the House of Commons on Monday in which he said that Britain would miss no opportunity to settle the dispute."

The International Bank would have to find a formula acceptable both to the British and Iran Governments in operation of the oil industry and the marketing and sharing of benefits and compensation to Britain for the nationalised concession, the official said.

"Action by the Bank would fill the economic vacuum in Iran which must be filled," he added.

GOOD INVESTMENT
"It may not be impossible for the Bank to work out arrangements which could take account of three important elements—operation, marketing and compensation."

Underlying the dispute, officials said, was the widespread feeling in Iran that the oil industry should be so conducted that Iran's economic and political independence is not prejudiced and profits should not be distributed abroad.

"It would appear that the Iranian oil industry would offer first-rate investment for the International Bank Fund as a going concern," officials said.—United Press.

SECRET TALKS ON KASHMIR
Paris, Nov. 21. Dr. Frank P. Graham, United Nations representative for Kashmir, met Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan Foreign Minister, for a private discussion on the Kashmir problem today.

No details of the talks were made available. This was the second meeting between the two men.

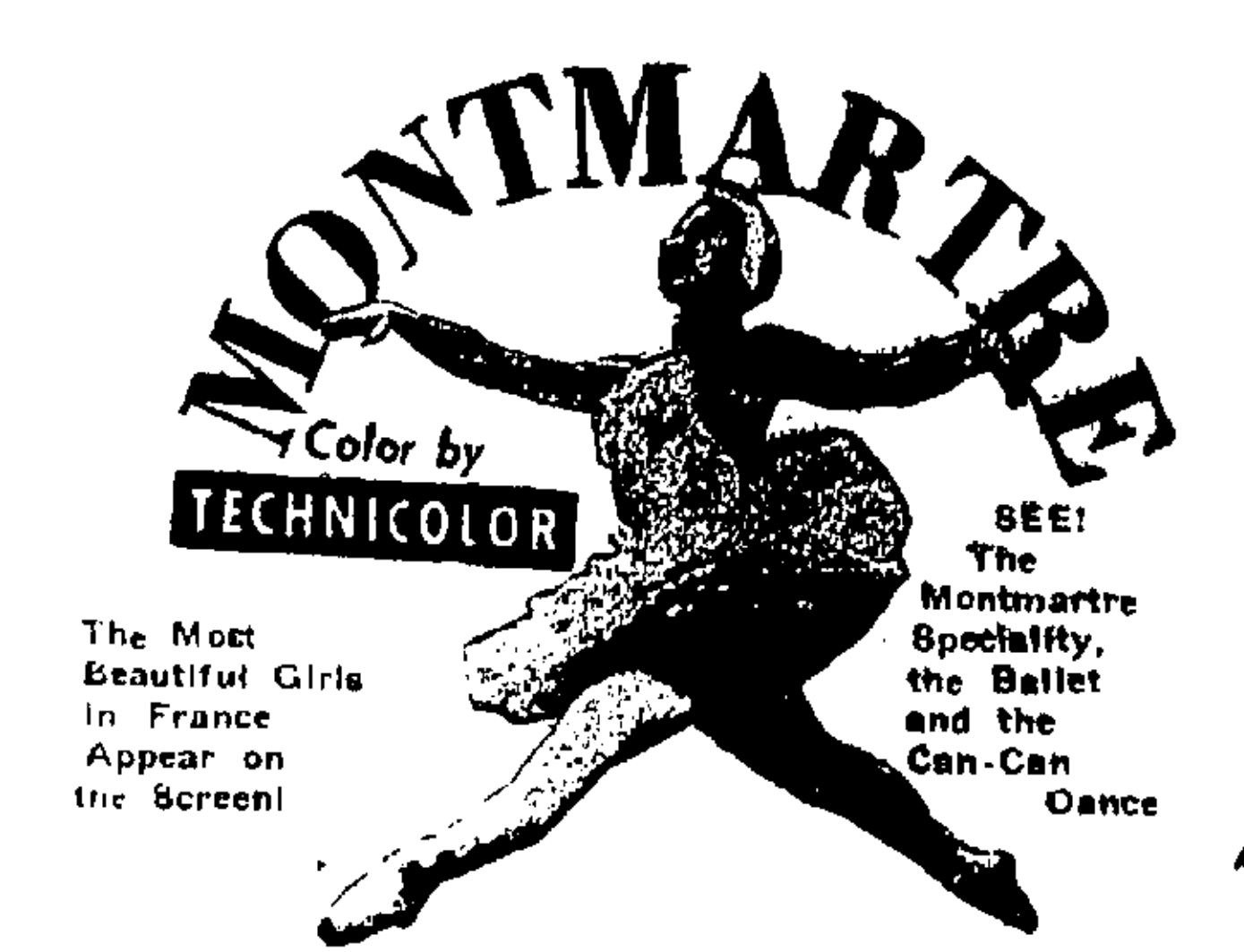
Later Dr. Graham's legal adviser, Dr. Miguel Marin, had a meeting with Mr. Mohammed Ayub, Joint Secretary of Pakistan's Ministry of Kashmir Affairs and adviser to Sir Mohammed Zafrullah.—Reuter.

Mr. Morgenthau Married
New York, Nov. 21. Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Jr., former Secretary of the Treasury, was married today to Mrs. Marcelle Hirsch, French-born divorcee, in a private ceremony at the bride's home on Fifth Avenue.

May Be U.S. Envoy
Washington, Nov. 21. The Acting United States Secretary of State, Mr. James Webb, confirmed today that Mr. George McGhee is being considered for appointment as Ambassador to Turkey. Mr. McGhee is at present Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern, South Asian and African affairs.—Reuter.

ROXY & BROADWAY

Final Showing To-day At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.
NOW, THE REAL MONTMARTRE IS ON THE SCREEN!



Distributed by Associated British Film Distributors Ltd.

COMMENCING TO-MORROW
THE STORY OF WHAT HAPPENS WHEN GIRLS LEAVE HOME... FOR THE FIRST TIME!



JEANNE CRAIN - Dale ROBERTSON - Mitzi GAYNOR - Jean PETERS

JUST ARRIVED

- FIVE YEAR DE-LUXE DIARIES
- TRIPLE SETS (containing Day Engagement Pad, Diary and Address Book)
- TWIN SETS (containing Diary & Address Book)
- DAY PADS
- APPOINTMENT DIARIES
- DESK & POCKETS DIARIES & ADDRESS BOOKS
- AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS
- RECIPE BOOKS
- VISITORS' BOOKS
- SCRAP BOOKS
- PHOTO POCKETS

at South China Morning Post, Ltd.

USED TWO CHURCHES FOR THEIR WEDDING

London, Nov. 21. A couple went through two wedding ceremonies in London—because the organ in St. John's Church, Kensington, installed in 1882, was unusable.

Mr. Alan Dudley, 26-year-old actor, and his bride, Miss Margaret Hodgson, of Charlbury, near Oxford, wanted a choral ceremony.

So the Rev. Marcus Spencer, minister of St. John's—a Presbyterian church—obtained permission from the Bishop of Kensington and the Bishop of London to hold a Presbyterian service in the Anglican church of St. Philip's, in Earl's Court-road.

Mr. Spencer conducted a ten-minute service in his own church, and the couple were legally married—but there was still no ring on the bride's finger.

At St. Philip's the ceremony took 25 minutes, hymns were sung, the organ played, and the ring was placed on Mrs. Dudley's finger after she had repeated the vows for the second time in 45 minutes.

"It was a neighbourly act for the Anglicans to allow us to use their church," the Rev. Marcus Spencer said afterwards.

"Last night Mrs. Dudley, who is also an actress, watched her husband play Caesar in the musical play 'And so to Bed' at the New Theatre, London."

"Recant" Appeal To Picasso

Madrid, Nov. 21. Admirers of Spanish-born artist Pablo Picasso today sent him a cable inviting him to recant his Communist views.

The suggestion was first made by another Spanish artist, Salvador Dali.

One of the organisers said that the cable had over 100 signatures of outstanding personalities. He said that 288 signatures had so far been received and more are arriving from the provinces.

The 70-year-old artist has lived in France for many years.—Reuter.

Writing friction
DO YOU THINK TO WASTE MY TIME WRITING SHORT STORIES IF I COULD TYPE?

Specialists
TYPING STENOGRAPHY AND...
SHUNYEE OPTICAL CO.

Palestine Mediation A Failure

Paris, Nov. 21. The Palestine Conciliation Commission announced today that it had failed to mediate between Israel and the Arab States and said that it had decided to terminate the Paris conference which opened on August 10.

This decision was the result of the rejection by both parties of the recent proposal put forward by the Commission for discussions in a "thorough and realistic spirit of give and take."

The Commission stated that neither party had indicated "willingness substantially to recede from their rigid positions and to seek a solution through mediation along the lines spelled out."

The Commission will report early on its failure to the current General Assembly of the United Nations and it is understood that it will recommend its early dissolution.

The five-point mediation plan of the Palestine Commission called for mutual cancellation of war damage claims, for Israeli agreement to the repatriation of a specific number of Arab refugees and for payment by Israel of a global sum in compensation for the property of non-repatriated Arab refugees.

LITTLE HOPE

The plan, it is reported, envisaged, at a later stage, disposal of the disputed Gaza strip, the creation of a free port at Haifa and the creation of an international authority for the waters of the Jordan.

The gulf which divides the two parties remains as wide as ever and spokesmen for both sides held out little hope for an early settlement along the lines drawn up by the Commission.

Conference quarters said that the Commission had fulfilled its purpose and effectiveness and the logical conclusion was its termination at an early date.—United Press

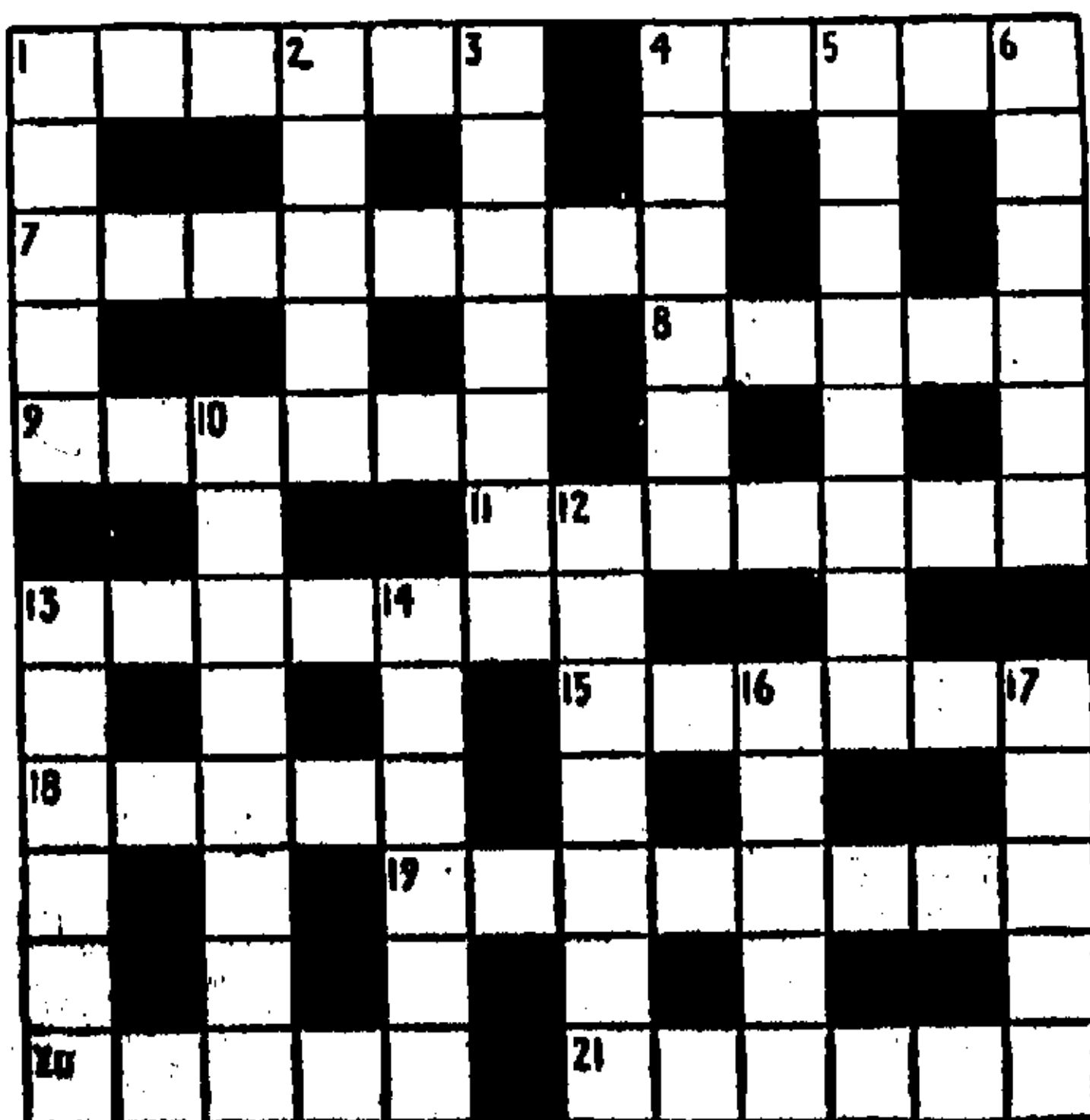
ECA Loans To Orient

Washington, Nov. 21. The Economic Co-operation Administration today approved additional loans for Burma, Indo-China, Indonesia and Thailand.

Indo-China will receive \$473,000 for fertilizers from the U.S. Japan and elsewhere. Thailand gets \$47,000 for U.S. and Japanese industrial equipment. Burma receives \$1,000 for American technical assistance and Indonesia \$6,000 for American scientific apparatus.

To date, the agency's grants to Burma total \$14,793,000, to India \$130,156,000, Thailand \$10,940,000, Indo-China \$31,028,000, Indonesia \$9,539,000, the Philippines \$19,753,000, China-Formosa \$296,264,000, Korea \$138,538,000 and general Far East health programme \$388,000.—Associated Press.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

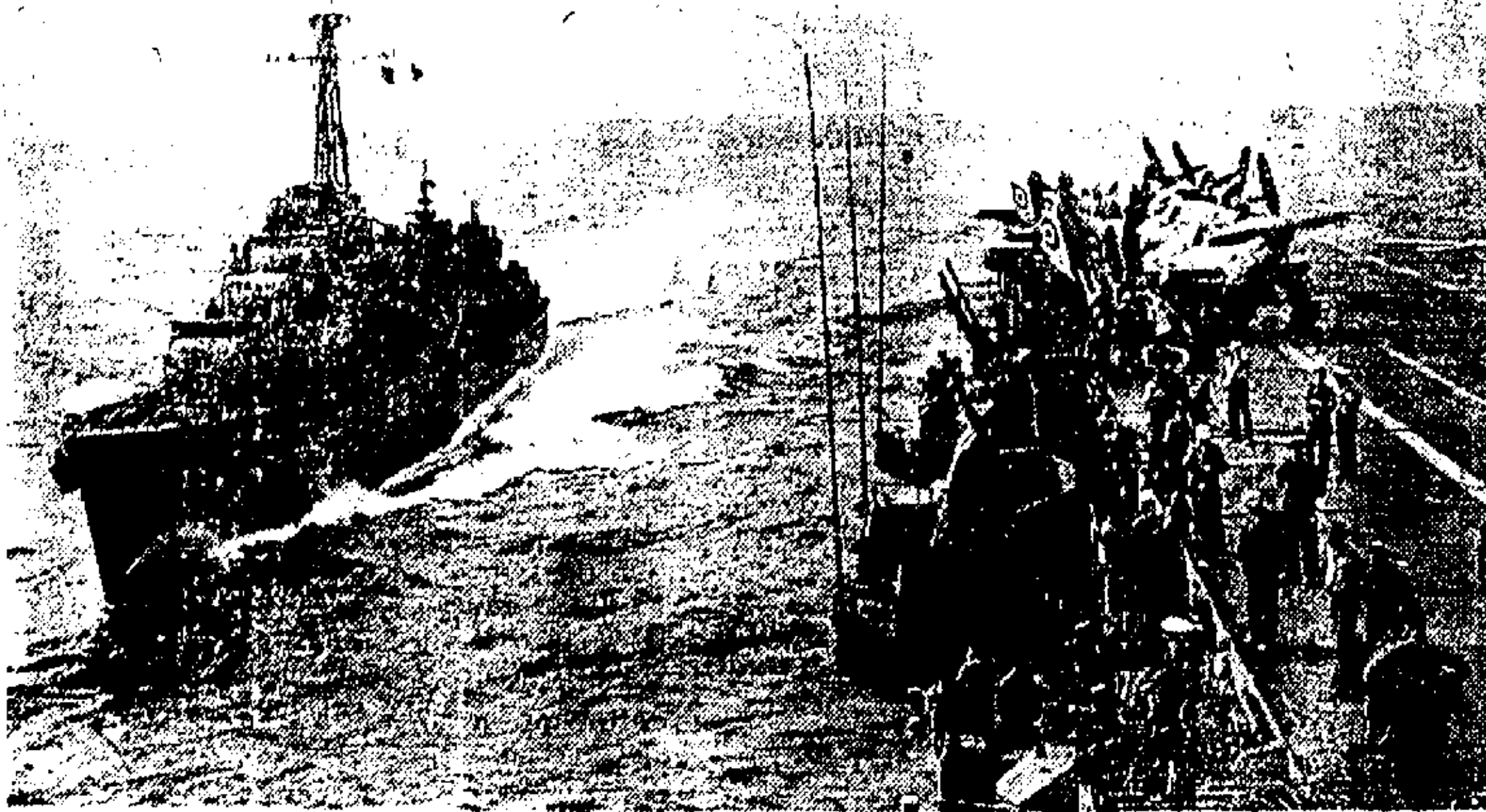
- 1 Vegetable (6)
- 2 Pattern (5)
- 7 Urgent (5)
- 8 Drive (5)
- 9 Name (6)
- 11 Narrowed (7)
- 12 Repeated from memory (7)
- 15 Summary (8)
- 18 Beam (5)
- 19 Assured (8)
- 20 Lowest point (5)
- 21 Camp follower (6)

DOWN

- 1 Specimens (5)
- 2 Of the nose (5)
- 3 Archbishop (7)
- 4 Artist's medium (4)
- 5 Scatter (8)
- 6 Lounged (6)
- 10 Enveloped (8)
- 12 Devotees (7)
- 13 Motive (4)
- 14 Merchant (8)
- 16 Transplant living tissue (5)
- 17 Royal line (6)

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 1 Aria, 4 Bristol, 9 Brac, 10 Lies, 10 Scratch, 11 Exit, 12 Sign, 14 Confuse, 17 Unite, 18 Wager, 21 Father, 20 Weds, 27 Gain, 28 Careful, 20 Inch, 30 Even, 31 Seaside, 32 Gush. Down: 2 Raisin, 3 Absent, 4 English, 5 Doctor, 6 Staff, 7 Lacks, 12 Burt, 13 Gilt, 10 Urge, 10 Hurt, 19 Argued, 20 Awaiting, 21 Exile, 23 Awake, 24 Needs, 25 Slave.

Carrier Strike Against North Korean Target



The escorting Canadian destroyer Athabaskan seen alongside the Australian aircraft-carrier Sydney before the latter launched her plans against a target in North Korea. HMAS Sydney relieved HMS Glory.—London Express.

Freak Begging Couple

Cebu, Nov. 21. A seven-foot woman beggar has appeared in a district of Cebu, in East Bengal, and has been at the head of a crowd wherever she goes for alms.

She is followed by a two-and-a-half foot man with a grey moustache.—Reuter.

Seven Women In Treasure Hunt Ship

London, Nov. 21. Seven women are determined to set sail in search of the elusive Captain Kidd's treasure in the South China Seas.

Despite the fate of the Lamorna, the two-masted schooner which setting out from Gosport on a similar hunt, came to grief off the Isle of Wight and had her crew rescued by lifeboat, the new adventurers are going on with their plans.

Mrs. Valerie Sinclair, of Hove, Sussex, for many years friend of Mr. Ivor Novello and a star of the film of his play "The Rat," is one of the prime movers in the new venture. First it is planned to recover £2,000,000 worth of silver from an island somewhere between Madeira and the Canaries.

And Miss Sinclair says she and the other women in the crew will try to sell British frocks and fabrics at the many ports at which their 75-ton motor yacht, the Barra, will call during the next 18 months or two years.

Laurel Confident Of Election In 1953

Manila, Nov. 21. Dr Jose P. Laurel, who led his Nacionalista Party to a sweeping victory in the November 13 senatorial elections, told the United Press today, "The Filipino people certainly will speed the Liberal administration out of office in the 1953 general elections."

But the man most likely to be Nacionalista presidential nominee two years hence quickly added, "That is if the people are given freedom to voice their will."

In an exclusive interview, the eight billion dollars which was the Government's estimate of the damage due to Japanese occupation.

Mr Laurel strongly indicated that the Nacionalistas might block Senate ratification of the Japanese peace treaty but did not say that they would.

He said, "The Communist problem here is exaggerated. There are very few real Communists in the Philippines. But there are plenty of discontented people."

Mr Laurel links the peace and order problem with the economic situation.

He said, "We must achieve self-sufficiency in agricultural production. We must produce at least enough rice for our own people. We must hasten industrialization and development of our natural resources. We must have more land, other reforms."

Mr Laurel said that while last November 13 armed forces were used to keep the elections clean, "it is possible that they might be used for a different purpose in 1953. Magasaysay might not be Defence Secretary then and there might be a repetition of what happened in 1949."

Neither Mr Laurel nor his partisans have ever conceded that President Quirino won the 1949 presidential fight. They charged that "wholesale frauds" were committed.

Mr Laurel said that the last elections "proved that the people are disgusted with the Liberal Administration because it is devoid of morality, incompetent and extravagant."

Mr Laurel said that the last elections "proved that the people are disgusted with the Liberal Administration because it is devoid of morality, incompetent and extravagant."

Recalling his role during the occupation Mr Laurel said, "The late President Quirino and General MacArthur told me when they left to take care of the situation and you know what happened to it."

Mr Laurel said that he would support the former Supreme Court Justice, Mr. Claro Recto, his Foreign Minister during the occupation, in the presidential race in 1953.

He would rather remain in the Senate, practise law and establish a university. He wants to improve his family's economic situation.

But reform-minded political observers said that there is little doubt that the Nacionalista Party will make Mr Laurel run again for President two years from now.—United Press.

JAPAN ADMITTED TO UN BODY

Rome, Nov. 21. Japan and Argentina were today admitted to the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation. Japan received 40 votes in favour and none against. Seven votes were blank or defective.

Argentina received 33 votes in favour and none against. One vote was a blank.

The voting strength in each case was different. A two-third majority was needed for election.—Reuter.

EGYPTIAN CAMPAIGN TO DISRUPT LIFE IN CANAL ZONE

Geneva, Nov. 21. Britain today flatly denied as "propaganda" and "deliberate travesty of the truth" Egypt's charges that Suez Canal Zone labourers were compelled to work by threats to their lives.

Sir Guildhaume Evans submitted the statement to the International Labour Organisation here in reply to an Egyptian complaint a fortnight ago.

He said that the Cairo Government was conniving in a campaign to disrupt civilian life in the Canal Zone and involving many thousands of workers and their families to leave their homes in panic and penury.

The statement said that no Egyptian worker had at any time been prevented from leaving the Canal area.

Workers who had left had done so as a result of a campaign of intimidation and victimisation largely inspired and conducted by police officials and "hooligan elements" encouraged by the Egyptian authorities.

No Egyptian workers had been interned in British military camps at any time, the statement said. A number of workers had asked for and had been granted sanctuary in British camps but they had always been free to leave when they wanted.

The statement categorically denied that any Egyptian civilians had been removed or that Egyptian policemen had been interned and maltreated because they refused to compel Egyptians to work for the British.

TRUE SITUATION

The true situation was that the British military authorities had deported a number of Police officials who were found to be participating in intimidation.

They were handed over to Egyptian security forces on the outskirts of the area.

Mr David Mose, Director-General of the I.L.O., referred to a Press conference to a British offer for an investigation of the Egyptian allegations.

If the offer were adopted, "as it may well be," it would be up to the Egyptian Government to issue an invitation to the I.L.O. to send a representative, he said.

The offer, he said, was in a report to the I.L.O. by the governing body's officers.—Reuter.

DEATH THREAT

Cairo, Nov. 21. The Al-Azhar Islamic University supported the death penalty announcement today by its Fetwa (Proclamation) Committee with a statement that the Islamic religion forbids co-operation with the British in any way such as providing them with supplies and organising in any kind of work which may facilitate their occupation of Egyptian territory.

The Committee had earlier proclaimed that co-operation with the British was punishable by death.

The University's statement said, "He who is guilty of such co-operation will be considered under Islamic laws as a traitor to his religion and fatherland and his punishment is death."

Meanwhile, the Iranian Premier, Dr. Mohammad Mossadegh, spent the second day of his State Visit here attending a municipal luncheon and conferring with leading Moslems.

Dr. Mossadegh's stay in Cairo coincided with a relatively calm situation in the Canal Zone with no major incidents reported. However, continuing tension is indicated in Press despatches from Suez about difficulties between the British and Egyptian police.

Accounts said that the Egyptian authorities had warned the British that force would be used if Egyptian police were not allowed to enter and leave the city freely. The reports added that the British had been denying Egyptian police free passage at the checkpoint outside Suez.—United Press.

PEACE TREATY ADVOCATED

Frankfurt, Nov. 21. Representative O.K. Armstrong today urged the immediate drafting of a peace treaty with Germany to remove economic controls, restore political sovereignty and offer United Nations membership.

He told a Press conference that Allied restriction on German steel expansion was "sheer folly" and an "astounding bit of political chicanery."

"If the Russians co-operate in the peace treaty we shall be on the way to lasting peace," he said, "If they refuse, the German people will know who is to blame."—United Press.

Harwell May Tell Us Yet

London, Nov. 21. British scientists at the Harwell atomic energy station may settle, one of these days, a problem over which experts have argued for centuries: What holds matter together?

They are far ahead of physicists in other countries with experiments into the core of nuclear fission.

Sir John Cockcroft, Director of Atomic Research since 1946, partly lifted the veil of security which surrounds Harwell. He told an audience of scientists at the Royal Institution of the work on particles inside the atom—experiments which, if successful, will make present-day atomic development seem like something out of the Stone Age.

And, for the first time, he gave the names of the men who are leading nuclear physics development in this country—Doctors Butement and Titterton, Messrs Shillito and Brinkworth.

Already these brilliant scientists, while bombarding mercury with a 180,000,000-volt cyclotron, have found two new isotopes of gold. Said Sir John, before he went in to lecture, "That in itself may appear to be sensational—gold from mercury—but it is not really so very important."

'EXCITING PHASE'

"But it is vitally important to solve the central problem of nuclear physics today—what is the 'cementing' force which holds everything together. I think we are well advanced in the study of this problem, even more so than the Americans, who have probably ten times our resources. For it holds the secret of matter—how the earth, the universe, everything solid we know, is integrated."

Sir John said in his lecture: "Some people call the days when Lord Rutherford was lecturing to the Royal Institution in 1937 the golden age of nuclear physics. By others whose dreams reach far into the future they are called the Stone Age. Nuclear physics today is moving into a very exciting new phase."

But he warned: "We have at least a decade of work in front of us as the frontiers of our knowledge of the physical world are still further advanced."

Powerful new machines, Sir John said, would soon be at work in Glasgow, Birmingham, and Liverpool. They will try to determine the attracting forces of the uranium atom.

So Peckham House Has To Be Closed

London, Nov. 21. One of the most amazing and long-lasting acts of private charity in British history has come to a partial end—because of death duties.

London's oldest private mental institution—Peckham House—Peckham, S. E., opened in 1823—is to be closed before Christmas and sold. Its 130 patients are to be found other accommodation.

It has been owned and maintained by the Stocker family since Dr. Alonzo Stocker, specialist in mental diseases, bought it in 1872. Throughout those nearly 80 years patients have been admitted free of charge, and the Stockers have borne all expenses.

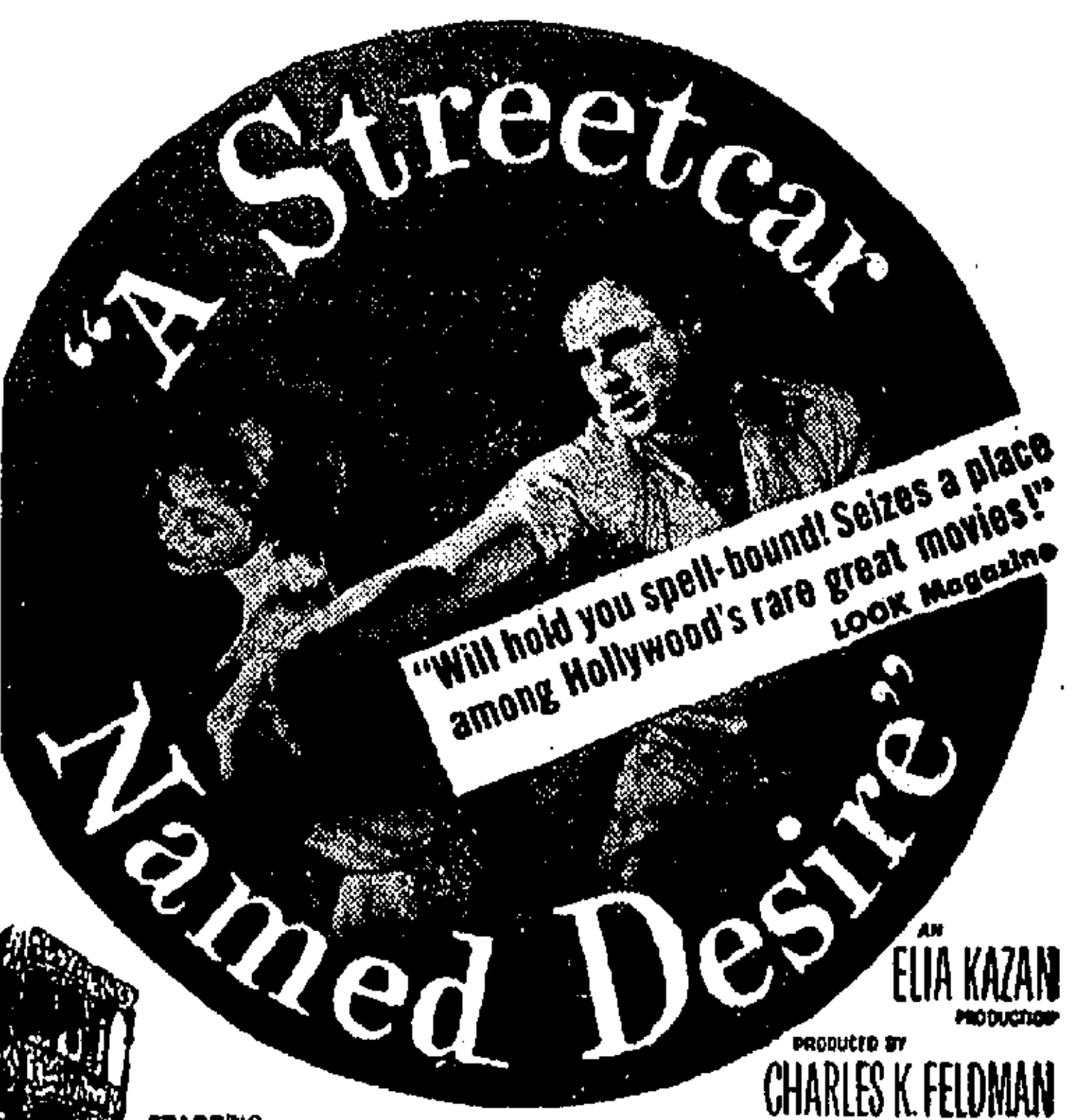
Now, because of heavy death duties anticipated on the estates left by Captain Harold Stocker and Colonel Jack Stocker—a son and grandson respectively of Dr. Alonzo Stocker—Peckham House is being sold to a business firm and will be turned into offices.

The present owner, Mr. Rupert Stocker, brother of Colonel Stocker, said: "It is a great blow to me to have to sell, but it has to be done."

KING'S MAJESTIC

SHOWING TO-DAY

SPECIAL TIMES: 2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

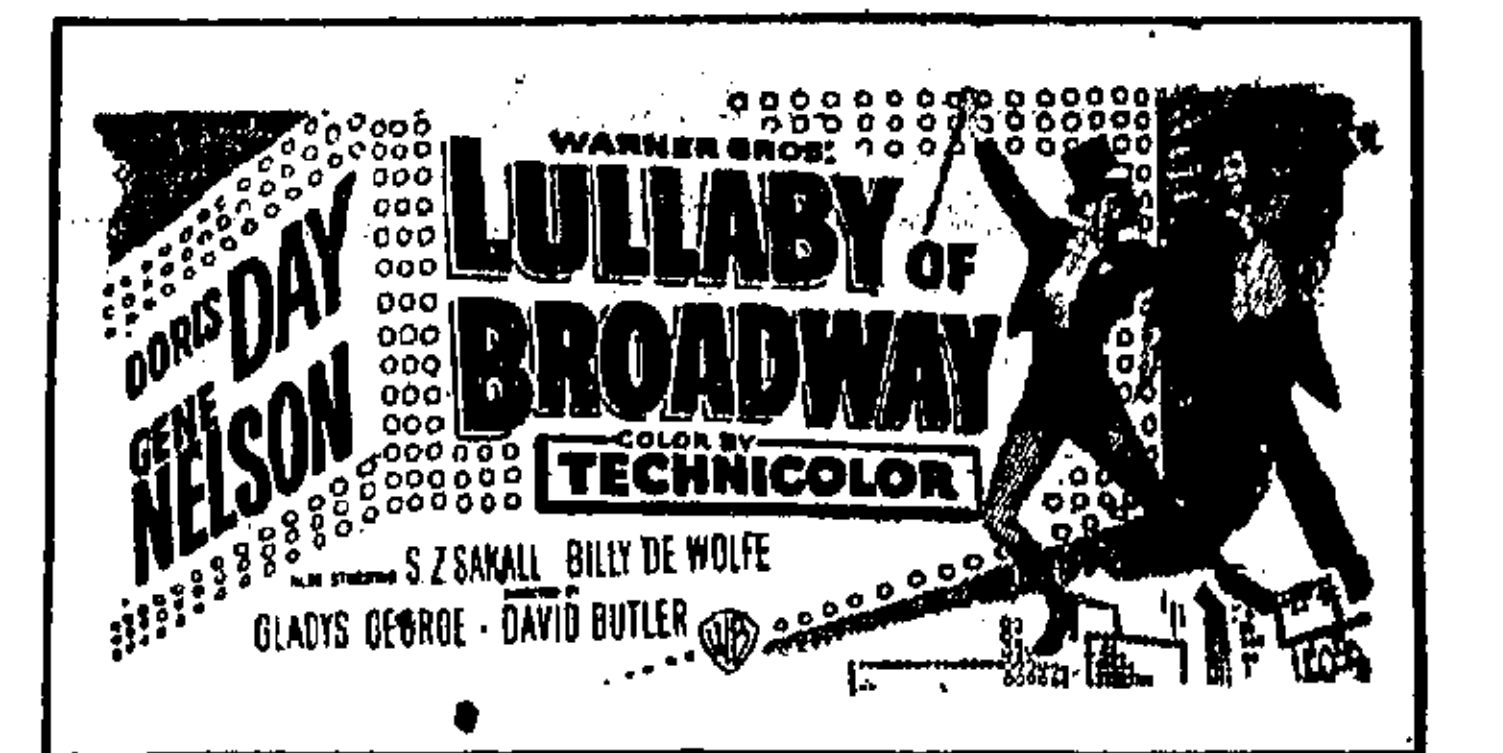


STARRING VIVIEN LEIGH AND MARLON BRANDO. SCREEN PLAY BY KIM HUNTER, KARL MALDEN, TENNESSEE WILLIAMS. FROM THE PULITZER PRIZE AND CRITICS AWARD PLAY. BASED UPON THE ORIGINAL PLAY "A STREETCAR NAMED DESIRE" BY TENNESSEE WILLIAMS. AS PRESENTED ON THE STAGE BY IRVING HANDELSON. DIRECTED BY ELIA KAZAN. DISTRIBUTED BY WARNER BROS.

FLASH! Vivien Leigh wins the Prize as "Best Actress of the Year" at the Twelfth International Film Festival in Venice for her performance in "A Streetcar Named Desire"!

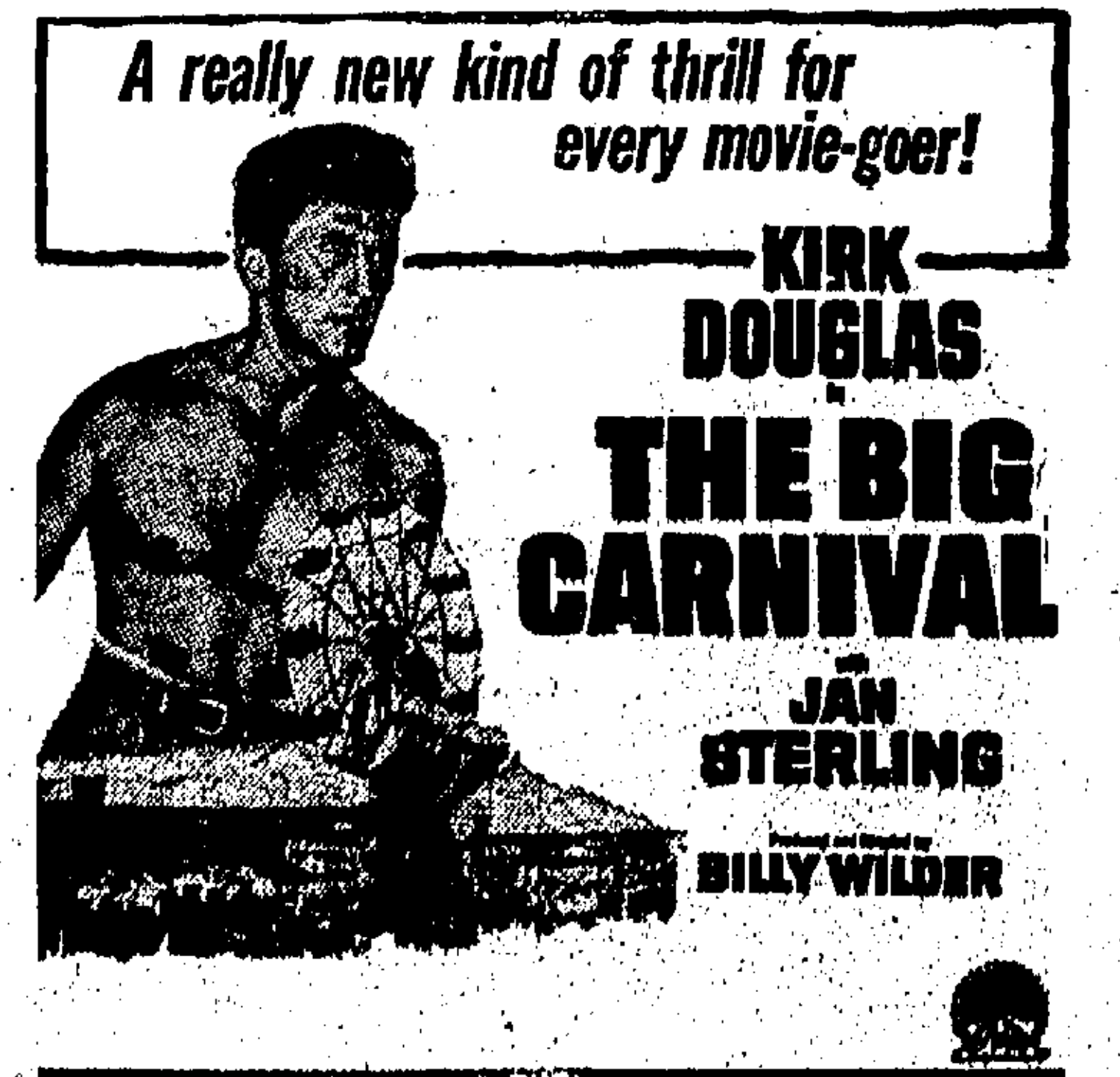
"A Streetcar Named Desire" wins "Special Award" for exceptional qualifications!

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



LEE Liberty

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★ DAILY AT 2.30—5.30—7.30—9.30 P.M. THE CHAMPION AT HIS BEST!



ADDED: Latest Paramount News

TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

THE GREATEST ESCAPE STORY OF ALL TIME! THE SENSATIONAL STORY THAT STIRRED THE WORLD! LONDON FILMS PROUDLY PRESENTS

"THE WOODEN HORSE"

STARRING: Lee GERN - David TOMLINSON



We can't catch up with it!

The call for "Black & White" continues to grow all over the world, for connoisseurs agree that it is a Scotch in a class all its own.

Blended in the special "Black & White" way it is a splendid drink at all times and for all occasions.

'BLACK & WHITE'
SCOTCH WHISKY
The Secret is in the Blending

By Appointment to H.M. King George VI
Scotch Whisky Dealers: James Buchanan & Co. Ltd.

JAMES BUCHANAN & CO. LTD., GLASGOW, SCOTLAND

THE BIBLE BOOK AND TRACT
DEPOT. LTD.

Proprietors of

THE CHALLENGE BOOKSHOP

CLOSING HOURS
FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF CUSTOMERS

MONDAY TO FRIDAY 6 P.M.
SATURDAY 4 P.M.

Queen's Building
First Floor
NO. 1 ICE HOUSE STREET
Telephone: 23693
(over Dodwell's Showrooms)

Fast, Safe, Relief - All Ages

COUGHS & COLDS

Indigestion and Stomach disorders

WOODS' Great PEPPERMINT CURE

SHAKE THE BOTTLE

WOODS' GREAT PEPPERMINT CURE

COUGHS & COLDS

WOODS' GREAT PEPPERMINT CURE

Sole Agents: GILMAN & COMPANY LIMITED.

For CHRISTMAS Here is my BIG BOOK of adventures

Here are 11 complete adventures of Rupert and his friends. 123 pages printed in gay colours.

\$4.50.

Only from South China Morning Post Wyndham St. H.K. & Salisbury Road K'loon.



BUTLER'S HOLIDAY CAMP

World Copyright. By arrangement with Betty Herold

Fleming Sets Out To Conquer Influenza

By ROBERT KINGSLEY

LONDON. AS the season of colds and influenza approaches, Sir Alexander Fleming, discoverer of penicillin, and his research team at the Wright-Fleming Institute, are working on a new anti-influenza vaccine.

There will probably not be an extensive outbreak of the disease this winter, but when it does come it may considerably advance research. "For," said Sir Alexander, "the new vaccine has yet to meet here a widespread epidemic, and I hope that one day it will."

I talked to Sir Alexander in his second-floor room in the four-storey Institute that has grown out of the old inoculations Department of St. Mary's Hospital.

The room is a mixture between a laboratory, an office and a study. On the laboratory bench is a profusion of test-tubes, microscope slides and Petrie dishes; in the bookcase, works with ponderous titles, and on the walls tributes to Sir Alexander's fame—portraits, the die of France's Penicillin Medal ("They shovelled my fate on the front—the back's more interesting"), a bronze statuette presented by Italians. But there are incongruities—a wicker pelota racket from Spain hangs behind the door, and among the formal portraits is a photograph of Sir Alexander and Lord Moran playing women's parts in an amateur stage production in their student days.

Sir Alexander lit a cigarette from a Bunsen burner and talked of the Institute's work. He is short, silver-haired, bronzed, and was wearing rimless glasses, a blue, patterned bow-tie and a blue suit.

"This used to be, and still is, a place where vaccines are made on a large scale—for the prevention of typhoid, whooping cough, and for the treatment of such illnesses as bronchial asthma," he said.

"There are the vaccines against virus. We are very interested in a new vaccine for influenza, and there is a search going on in connection with those things."

ALLERGIES

"Another activity we have is a very large clinic for the allergies—hay-fever, asthma and so on. We collect large quantities of grass and other pollens in a pollenarium (a greenhouse with a laboratory set up in it) on Lord Iveagh's estate in Surrey. From these, we prepare extracts for the treatment of hay-fever."

"Then we do a lot of work on antibiotics—penicillin and the new ones, aureomycin, terramycin—that is the newest of all—and chloromycetin."

Of these, Sir Alexander explained, penicillin for a suitable microbe was the drug of first choice—both



SIR ALEXANDER FLEMING. The discoverer of penicillin is Director of the Wright-Fleming Institute, in which two dozen medical and chemistry research workers and 70-odd laboratory technicians are employed.

because it is cheap and because it is non-poisonous. The others are used for treating microbes insensitive to penicillin.

Research is going on into how and why the antibiotics produce the germ-killing results they do, and penicillin that has been rendered radio-active is used so that its work in the body can be studied and tested.

Sir Alexander is 70, and those who work with him say there are jobs in the Institute that only he, with his "wonderful hands" can do. But: "I don't get much time to work these days," he said, "people are always coming in to talk." He nimbly jumped up on to a wobbly, backless stool, and reached down a pamphlet from the top shelf of the bookcase.

"That was the start of it," he said, and pointed to the 12-page reprint of an article dated May 1929. It was headed: "On the Anti-bacterial Action of Cultures of Penicillium, with

special reference to their use in the isolation of B. influenza." That paper set forth his discovery of penicillin in a small room across the street from the Institute, which is now used as a bed-sitter for medical students. It was not for ten years that Florey and his associates at Oxford were able to concentrate penicillin so that its use became practical.

HOT ROOM

We were shown round the institute (which is almost self-supporting); a range of laboratories no more spectacular than those in which schoolboys make their first acquaintance with chemistry;

A hot room—"that's whooping cough," said our guide, pointing to bottles of vaccine that had to be kept at body temperature;

A refrigerated room; "The kitchen," where one and a half hundredweight of condemned meat or ox-hearts obtained on permits are boiled each week into a broth, stiffened up if necessary with shredded seaweed or boiled blood to make backgrounds for

A ROYAL TOUR THAT HAS MADE HISTORY: HIGHLIGHTS OF A 20,000-MILE TRIUMPH

Don Iddon's Diary

Sunday, Nov. 18. FOR me the Royal Tour began in a Transatlantic airliner at Idlewild Airport, New York. That was on September 15, and I was en route to England.

Today, two months and nearly 20,000 miles later, I am on my way from Prince Edward Island back to New York, my flat, my office, my family and friends.

It has been a rewarding journey—exacting, exhausting, but infinitely worthwhile. The astonishing feature is that there have been no slip-ups in the intricate organisation behind the tour. The Canadians have proved themselves master organisers.

This is in the nature of a "Thank you" note to Governor-General Viscount Alexander;

Prime Minister Louis St. Laurent; to Walter Scott Thompson, the Press chief; and all the officials of Canadian Pacific Railways, Canadian National Railways, and the Royal Canadian Air Force.

Being a nuisance

I GUESS they are glad to see the last of the wandering Press gypsies depart. We have been a nuisance because it is part of our jobs to be nuisances. Our typewriters have got lost at Quebec and our baggage at Regina. Our tempers have got lost at Montreal, Ottawa, Calgary, Vancouver, Halifax, Charlottetown, and practically everywhere else. But there have been very few disputes and almost no rows, even when the Royal Canadian Mounted Police have got tough, which has happened occasionally.

This tour has cost Canada well over \$1,000,000, hundreds of thousands of man-hours, and limitless nervous energy. The Canadians consider them all well spent.

The tour has been a great success. And for this the first and most important thanks go to Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh themselves. They have "made" the tour, and not even the loyal welcomes, the moving ceremonies, the pomp and panoply could have stamped it with success without the charm and endearing personalities of the royal couple.

You will find a different Princess when she steps on to the soil of England again. The King's elder daughter has more poise, more self-confidence, more authority. She has proved herself utterly worthy of her exalted position. Not once has she faltered.

Charm is the secret

I THINK of her on that first grey, wet morning stepping off the plane at Dorval Airport, Montreal. The crowd was thin and bedraggled—the forecast of 150,000 people never materialised. Perhaps the Princess and the Duke expected a bigger throng, a more thunderous welcome. But they gave no sign. Instead, there were the charming smile, the grace and naturalness of the Princess and the confident grin of the Duke. From that moment, right until the departure at St. John's, Newfoundland, they have been under a perpetual spotlight.

The Royal Tour is Princess Elizabeth's triumph. The Duke of Edinburgh at first showed greater crowd appeal, and there were petty complaints, chiefly from United States correspondents, about the Princess being too austere and regal. I haven't heard any of those complaints in the past week. Today the Canadians say of the Princess: "You cannot improve on perfection."

Some incidents in the tour stand out. The Princess's eyes flaring with tears when Mayor Camille Houde of Montreal, asked her about the King's health.

The crowd at Edmonton station in the booming oil country rushing down the railway lines after the train as it pulled away, and the Princess, in dia-

mond tiara and evening dress and wearing her mink stole, standing on the observation platform and waving over and over again.

The royal couple sitting in the exorbitant cold in the stadium at Calgary watching the broncho-busting at the rodeo show.

The Duke gulping over the highly seasoned cowboy food and hiding his smile at the Indian squaws in nylon.

But the scene which I remember best was on the balcony of the Windsor Hotel, at Montreal. The huge crowd had waited for six hours or more in bitter weather. Inside the hotel, the elaborate banquet drags on. Every few minutes the crowd shouts. "We want the Princess! We want the Princess!" The horses of the mounted police shiver and stamp their hooves; the soldiers and sailors and airmen lined up in Dominion Square are blue with cold.

Echoing clamour

THERE is still no sign from the balcony, but the crowd remains patient. Then, and it is almost midnight, Princess Elizabeth appears. Lights flash from her diamonds, and her royal sash is brilliant against the dark crimson backdrop. She waves and the crowd cheers and shouts and yells until the old hotel seems to shake, and Dominion Square echoes with the clamour. That, for me anyway, was the highlight of the tour.

Washington was impressive and satisfying, and the fatherliness and informality of President Truman towards the Princess was delightful to watch, but this, essentially, has been a British Empire triumph.

I do not want to be too sentimental, but the Canadian tour has proved again the deep love for the Crown of people thousands of miles from England. It has shown the durability of our system. I say it is a marvellous and moving thing for Canadians and in the tiny towns in the foothills of the Rockies to pledge their allegiance and pay their tribute to this English girl.

'Come back soon'

I SAY it is a fine and wonderful thing that these Canadian children should have been brought up to honour the Throne.

And having said this I must add that Canada is not going to be satisfied with a royal visit every 12 years or so. Canada gets stronger, wealthier, more mature all the time. In many ways Canada already outstrips the United Kingdom itself. I don't think a Royal Family residing in England and only making occasional journeys to the Dominions will suffice for the changed and changing nature of our Commonwealth. There may have to be, perhaps, a resident member of the Royal Family in each of the Dominions.

These are thoughts which many Canadians have expressed to me. They believe the time calls for adjustment in the royal role. Meanwhile, they say to Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh, "Bon voyage, and come back soon."

Laurette the model turns 'cop'

From FREDERICK COOK

NEW YORK. LAURETTE was a model once—£100 evening gowns, £30 hats, her face smiling out of fashion magazines, well known to millions.

Now she wears down-to-earth everyday clothes. A loaded revolver is tucked in her pocket. And when they photograph her—which is seldom—it is always the back view. For Laurette McDonnell is now what they delicately term a "lady cop."

And one of the most efficient say the men who work with her on the dangerous undercover Narcotics Squad.

Why did she give up a plushy two-hours-a-day job, in showrooms and fashion studios, for the rough-and-tumble of tramping the city streets all night, looking for the particularly low forms of life who flourish on peddling drugs to children?

"It was the war," she said. "I enlisted in the Waves, worked for the Atomic Energy Commission, had a good deal to do with guns and did some flying in bombers. After that, modelling seemed a dull career."

Tall, slender, blue-eyed and blonde, Laurette worked for a couple of years in the Pickpockets Division. Then they switched her to Narcotics—rated the most dangerous assignment in a risky career.

Laurette, at £1,700 a year, is a member of a team of three of which the others are men—Detectives Jerry Valente and Alfred Spinoza. All three pose as dope fiends in search of supplies. They frequent the toughest of New York's tough quarters.

Besides her gun, Laurette has for protection a useful command of Italian. That has come in handy half a dozen times. The gun she has yet to use in earnest.

When dope fiends get tough, they are very tough indeed. One tried to kill Laurette by running her down with a car. Another knocked her down while she searched his room.

How does one go about looking like a drug addict?

"It's fairly easy," Laurette says. "There's a shuffling walk, a twitch, the constantly running nose. You have to keep blowing your nose all the time. Occasionally some suspicious pedlar wants to see the needle marks on your arm. When that happens you have to make up the best story you can and keep on talking."

Only once has the two-men-and-a-girl team come under real strain. One night they were shadowing a suspect along Fifth Avenue, where the big stores keep their lights blazing all night. The men were ahead.

Everything went well until, fascinated by a fashion display in a window, she just had to stop—"only for a moment or two, you know." In that time, the suspect gained distance. She soon caught up. But later Valente and Spinoza had a few words to say.

"I was watching him all the time," says Laurette. "I could see everything reflected in the window. The others still don't believe it. They don't believe it is possible to look at a fashion show and a man at the same time. They wouldn't, of course. But any woman will see what I mean."



LABORATORY TECHNICIAN Lynda Pemberton, 17, of Acton, and a doctor work on research in the laboratory.

By "GRANDSTAND"

This will probably start off a healthy discussion among fans as to the importance of batting power and we would like to shove in our ears the words "It is true that a team without runs cannot win any bullgame, good defensive work can reduce the scoring efforts of the opposition and what is required is a combination of both."

Yesterday evening at Happy Valley a fairly strong Tamar team beat a Club second XV by 8 points to nil. Cresswell scored two runaway tries in a fairly even game. Latterly converting one for the mariners.

Results of the medal competition run from October 1 to November 15 (inclusive). Prize donated by Mrs G. Stewart was won by Mrs C. E. Hayes, who returned the three best scores 72, 73 and 74 net.

Ladies are reminded that the annual general meeting will be held at the Helena May Institute on Thursday, November 22, at 5.30 p.m.

TEAM SELECTED

The following were selected to represent Combined Chinese against the All-India XI. Cheung Koon-hing (Kit Chee), Hau Yung-sang (Sing Tao), N. Kee-cheung (KMB), Tang Su (KMB), Soong Ling-sing (S. China), (China) (Capt), Tong Sheung (S. China), Ho Wing-fun (Sing Tao), Cheung Yung-kang (S. China).

Senior League at Sookunpoo
 Saturday, at 4.45 p.m.:—Capt. Har-
 craft, Maj. Daughton, Maj. Pearson,
 Capt. Campbell, Capt. Gravestock,
 Capt. Nicholson, Capt. Wolcott,
 Capt. Grace, Lt. Maynard, Lt. Buckle
 and Sign Tappenden; 12th me-
 Gnr Hardwick; Umpire, J. U. Ha-
 Scorer, S. S. M. Shipley.

The upshot is plain, the public will not continue to patronise a sport in which they feel that, on too many occasions, they fail to receive a fair run for their money. Furthermore, if sharp practice should appear to prosper unchecked, the type of owner and trainer most needed today would be discouraged from continuing the struggle.

It is already lies in the determination of the Australian and the Australians in the Cup match.

Schroeder and Trabert probably will pair against Sweden in the international match next month and if the United States is successful, later against the Australians in the challenge round.

RACQUETS CLASHED

The team looked strong both off the ground and at the net.

**Starting Times
For Annual
Society Match**

The annual match between Golf Club members of St Andrew's Society and St George's Society will be played at Fannin on Sunday.

The starting times are as follows, with the names of St Andrew's players given first:

Old Course 9.08 a.m. D. S. Moore
P. J. A. Smith; 9.12 W. A. Stevens
son v N. J. Whelpton; 9.16 J. D.
Mackie v 2/Lt Catchpole; 9.20 N. A.
Brown v G. G. Gray; 9.24 A. G. S.
McCallum v W. R. K. Collings; 9.28
A. R. Petrie v W. S. Vaughan
9.32 S. S. Gordon v W. O. Davies
9.36 R. E. Roger v Mal. Hooley
9.40 W. G. Robertson v J. Liniker
9.44 F. D. Hunter v L. Pote-Hunt
9.48 J. Taylor v J. L. Kay; 9.52
H. R. Cleland v J. Dickson Leach
H. R. Robertson v J. M. Beaz

Brig. R. D. Bolton. 10.06. D. H.
 Prophet v. W. Stoker. 10.06. H. R.
 Coleman v. W. N. A. Smiley. 10.06. H. R.
 New Course. — 9.00 a.m. A.
 Adamson v. A. Sommerfeldt. 9.00. A.
 S. Barker v. G. C. Evans. 9.00. A.
 B. Low v. H. B. Neve. 9.20. A.
 C. B. Black v. E. L. Groomer. 9.20. A.
 C. Maclean v. E. C. Down. 9.20. A.
 T. Brown v. J. Phillips. 9.20. A.
 B. J. G. Brown v. P. Watkinson. 9.20. A.
 D. 36. T. Low v. S. M. Gerrard. 9.40. A.
 J. R. Letch v. A. C. Elliot. 9.40. A.
 Blackwood v. D. 36. A.
 Bosquet. 9.40. T. D. Drysdale.
 R. J. Barker. 9.52. A. Sessler v. F. R. Davies. 9.50. A.
 H. J. Barker. 9.52. A. H. Watson v. F. J. Tippet. 10.04. A.
 D. 36. T. Low v. S. M. Gerrard. 10.00. J. D. Collins. 10.12. A.
 Penn. 10.16. J. Cowie v. J. Mitchell.

Old Course—1 p.m. D. S. Rob
A. S. Adams, W. P. J. A. Smith
A. S. Amercett, 1.05. W. A. Stew
son, R. S. Barry v N. J. Whelp
son, Evans; 1.10. J. D. Mackie,
B. Low v 2/Lt. Catchpole, H. P
Neve; 1.15. N. A. Brown, P. C. L
Bluck v R. G. Gray, P. C. L. Groom
1.15. G. S. MacCallum, C. S.
Maclean v W. R. K. Collings, E. S.
Drown; 1.25. A. R. Petrie, G. B.
Thomson v W. S. Vaughan, H. G.
Phillips; 1.30. S. S. Gordon,
Brown v W. O. Davie, J. Watkin
son; 1.35. R. S. Rogers, T. Low
Major, J. S. M. Garrard; 1.
W. G. Robertson, J. R. Leitch v
Lipaker, F. A. M. Elliott

[illegible]

Sydney, Nov. 21.
Golfer Jim Ferrie, just back from the United States said that he was "inspired" when he broke the Gosford (NSW) course record with a 64.

Source of inspiration was the promise of a bag of potatoes now desperately short in Sydney—if he set a new figure.—Reuter.

London, Nov. 21.
The English Cross Country Union will be represented at the four and a half miles international race, "Critérium de As" at Brussels on November 25 by E. L. Hardy, of Derby and County Athletic Club, V. Hesketh of the Manchester Athletic and Cycling Club, D. A. G. Pirle, of the South London Harriers and G. B. Saunders of the Bolton University Harriers.
The event is confined to runners from England, Scotland, France and Holland.

Lahore, Nov. 21.
Pakistan Combined Universities and the MCC drew their two-days' match here today.

The MCC declared at the overnight score of 133 runs the loss of three wickets in reply to the Universities' 88 as the home side scored 245 runs for two before declaring at tea.

The men responsible were Shajawuddin (112 runs), Shakoor Ahmad (104 runs) both of whom were not out the close, having engaged the best stand so far in the tour against the MCC.

Berlin, Nov. 21.
London and Berlin teams
drew 1-1 today in the first
football match played be-
tween English and German
representative sides in Ger-
many since the end of the
war.

More than 60,000 people saw the match in which London led by 10 at half-time. London had a fairly good first half, in which the centre-forward, Holton, of Arsenal, scored after 13 minutes, but they were forced on the defensive for long periods in the second half. The Germans, combining well together, really began to show their uncertain English defence, but it was not until 11 minutes from time that the left-winged Kilmannspurger, equalised with a fast, low drive.

London were fortunate to escape with a draw. They were pumpeled with their goal. They were being hit, then, the Germans forced five corners, and Reuter.

After a scoreless first half the Germans began to dominate midfield play due to their better cohesion. Marlock opened the scoring 11 minutes after the interval and the same player scored a second goal 24

Army Cricket League

At Club de Recreo, the Hongkong Signal Regiment beat the 1st Bn Royal Ulster Rifles by eight wickets in an Army League cricket match yesterday.

Scores: 1st INN

Watts, bow. b. Gregory	26
Terry, bow. b. Bray	19
Noble, bow. b. Bray	18
Malone, bow. b. Bray	10
Simpson, bow. b. Bray	8
Tipping, bow. b. Bray	6
McDonald, bow. b. Bray	5
Cockedge, bow. b. Bray	4
Marlin, bow. b. Bray	3
Orme, bow. b. Bray	2
Chapman, bow. b. Bray	1
Extras	2
Total	100

Bowling Analysis

Idenden	10	19	W
Bray	12	14	W
Gregory	10	10	W

2nd INN

Idenden, bow. b. Simpson	4
Watts, bow. b. Simpson	3
Marlin, bow. b. Simpson	2
Orme, bow. b. Simpson	1
Chapman, bow. b. Simpson	1
Extras	1
Total	12

Bowling Analysis

Simpson	10	10	W
Terry	10	10	W
Orme	10	10	W
Marlin	10	10	W
Chapman	10	10	W
Cockedge	10	10	W

RE CORPS VICTORY

Cartier, bow. b. Evans	4
Pearce, bow. b. Evans	3
Dodson, bow. b. Evans	2
Bennett, bow. b. Evans	1
Bartlett, bow. b. Evans	1
Wallinger, bow. b. Evans	1
Fraser, bow. b. Evans	1
Galley, bow. b. Evans	1
Bulch, bow. b. Evans	1
Parnell, bow. b. Evans	1
White, bow. b. Evans	1
Extras	1
Total	20

Bowling Analysis

Ferris	10	10	W
Evans	10	10	W
Rogers	10	10	W
Littelford	10	10	W

RE CORPS VICTORY

Everest, bow. b. White	4
Rogers, bow. b. White	3
Hubbard, bow. b. White	2
Brown, bow. b. White	1
Tanock, bow. b. White	1
Evans, bow. b. White	1
Bartlett, bow. b. White	1
Wallinger, bow. b. White	1
Fraser, bow. b. White	1
Galley, bow. b. White	1
Bulch, bow. b. White	1
Parnell, bow. b. White	1
White, bow. b. White	1
Extras	1
Total	20

Bowling Analysis

Ferris	10	10	W
Evans	10	10	W
Rogers	10	10	W
Littelford	10	10	W

WIN FOR ARTILLERY

The 25 Field Rgt. RA, beat 13-18 Hussars by seven wickets at KCC yesterday, mainly due to the excellent bowling of Gnr Harrison who took six wickets for three runs, including the "hat trick." Cpl Akrlil also bowled well, taking three wickets for five.

For the Hussars, Lieut Gregory scored 42 of his side's 64 runs.

Scores: HUSSARS

Hargreaves, bow. b. Hoskins	42
Gregory, bow. b. Hoskins	38
Wheaton, bow. b. Hoskins	2
Hall, bow. b. Hoskins	1
White, bow. b. Hoskins	1
Thompson, bow. b. Hoskins	1
Pearson, bow. b. Hoskins	1
Way, bow. b. Hoskins	1
Brown, bow. b. Hoskins	1
Hargreaves, bow. b. Hoskins	1
Hall, bow. b. Hoskins	1
Extras	1
Total	94

Bowling Analysis

Hoskins	10	10	W
Gregory	10	10	W
Hargreaves	10	10	W
Hall	10	10	W
White	10	10	W

25 FIELD REGT

Richardson, bow. b. Evans	23
French, bow. b. Evans	11
Groves, bow. b. Evans	10
Hoskins, bow. b. Evans	1
Stanford, bow. b. Evans	1
Extras	1
Total	54

Bowling Analysis

Hoskins	10	10	W
French	10	10	W
Groves	10	10	W
Hargreaves	10	10	W
Hall	10	10	W

MACDONALD, COLLINS, DECKMAN, AKRILL, HARRISON, Lazenby did not bat.

Bowling Analysis

Gregory	10	10	W
Hargreaves	10	10	W
Hall	10	10	W
White	10	10	W

Rugger Results

London, Nov. 21.

The following are the results of Rugby Union games played today:

Championship Matches

Gloucester 10, Surrey 8
Middlesex 10, Eastern Counties 0

Club Matches

Bristol 3, Kent 0
Cambridge University 8, M.I. 0
Blackburn 10, Durham 0
Reading 10, Dublin University 0

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

The match itself, watched by a crowd of approximately 6,500, was a triumph for young Tommy Harmer, the FA inside-left, and his wing partner, Alan Finney, who related to the famous Tommy but remarkably similar in style.

This pair time and again split the defence wide open and had Holton not had a really bad match he would have scored nearer 13 than the actual three second-half goals he did get.

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

The match itself, watched by a crowd of approximately 6,500, was a triumph for young Tommy Harmer, the FA inside-left, and his wing partner, Alan Finney, who related to the famous Tommy but remarkably similar in style.

This pair time and again split the defence wide open and had Holton not had a really bad match he would have scored nearer 13 than the actual three second-half goals he did get.

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

The match itself, watched by a crowd of approximately 6,500, was a triumph for young Tommy Harmer, the FA inside-left, and his wing partner, Alan Finney, who related to the famous Tommy but remarkably similar in style.

This pair time and again split the defence wide open and had Holton not had a really bad match he would have scored nearer 13 than the actual three second-half goals he did get.

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

The match itself, watched by a crowd of approximately 6,500, was a triumph for young Tommy Harmer, the FA inside-left, and his wing partner, Alan Finney, who related to the famous Tommy but remarkably similar in style.

This pair time and again split the defence wide open and had Holton not had a really bad match he would have scored nearer 13 than the actual three second-half goals he did get.

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

The match itself, watched by a crowd of approximately 6,500, was a triumph for young Tommy Harmer, the FA inside-left, and his wing partner, Alan Finney, who related to the famous Tommy but remarkably similar in style.

This pair time and again split the defence wide open and had Holton not had a really bad match he would have scored nearer 13 than the actual three second-half goals he did get.

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

BROTHER AND SISTER MAKE CHAMPION PAIR



A brother-sister relationship which runs smoothly is that of 22-year-old John Nicks and 19-year-old Jennifer Nicks, reigning British amateur pair-skating champions, seen practising at Streatham (London) Ice Rink for the European Skating Championships and next year's Olympic games.

John and Jennifer have held the British pair-skating title since 1947. — Reuterphoto.

THE ARMY ENCOURAGES YOUNG FOOTBALLERS

Says PETER DITTON

London. Army football is not what it used to be. The war-time giants, Mercer, Cullis, Britton and Hagan have gone and have not been replaced. In their stead the Army have young National Servicemen mostly between the ages of 18 and 20.

Their representative side comprises players, all of whom are connected with professional clubs. Their experience is naturally limited. What they lack in the finer arts they attempt to compensate for by honest endeavour. But that is not enough to win games when they come up against players with considerable Football League experience.

Witness for example their display at Highbury on November 7 when they were beaten 4-2 by an FA XI. In the first half the young Army side by sheer tenacity kept up a series of attacks and added by the fact that Holton, Arsenal's centre-forward, missed a penalty awarded against them, they had a 2-1 lead at the interval.

In the second half, with the pitch a bit better than it had been, the Army found that enthusiasm was not enough to carry them through and as they tired so the FA put on three goals without reply.

From a results point of view the match showed that the Army side might have difficulty in holding a place in the Second Division, and possibly even in the Third. But that is not the important thing. What does matter is that young footballers are encouraged to play soccer, to try and gain representative honours. And if they show signs of making the grade they are given every encouragement.

Clubs with young players about to enter the services need have no worry on their behalf. The Army is not likely to retard their progress. More probably it will accelerate it.

The match itself, watched by a crowd of approximately 6,500, was a triumph for young Tommy Harmer, the FA inside-left, and his wing partner, Alan Finney, who related to the famous Tommy but remarkably similar in style.

This pair time and again split the defence wide open and had Holton not had a really bad match he would have scored nearer 13 than the actual three second-half goals he did get.

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

The match itself, watched by a crowd of approximately 6,500, was a triumph for young Tommy Harmer, the FA inside-left, and his wing partner, Alan Finney, who related to the famous Tommy but remarkably similar in style.

This pair time and again split the defence wide open and had Holton not had a really bad match he would have scored nearer 13 than the actual three second-half goals he did get.

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

The match itself, watched by a crowd of approximately 6,500, was a triumph for young Tommy Harmer, the FA inside-left, and his wing partner, Alan Finney, who related to the famous Tommy but remarkably similar in style.

This pair time and again split the defence wide open and had Holton not had a really bad match he would have scored nearer 13 than the actual three second-half goals he did get.

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

The match itself, watched by a crowd of approximately 6,500, was a triumph for young Tommy Harmer, the FA inside-left, and his wing partner, Alan Finney, who related to the famous Tommy but remarkably similar in style.

This pair time and again split the defence wide open and had Holton not had a really bad match he would have scored nearer 13 than the actual three second-half goals he did get.

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

The match itself, watched by a crowd of approximately 6,500, was a triumph for young Tommy Harmer, the FA inside-left, and his wing partner, Alan Finney, who related to the famous Tommy but remarkably similar in style.

This pair time and again split the defence wide open and had Holton not had a really bad match he would have scored nearer 13 than the actual three second-half goals he did get.

Lacked a schemer

The Army lacked a real schemer, although in inside-right Taylor of Barnsley they had a great opportunist. It was he who scored both goals after Lewis had given the lead. The first goal came

Hongkong Defence Force Orders

Serial No. 47 Orders by Colonel I. T. Ride, CBE, ED, Commandant Royal Hongkong Defence Force. Dated November 20, 1951.

Depot Training. Squads A60 and A61. Sunday, November 25. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Flying. 12.00 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Flying. 1.00 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Flying. 2.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Flying. 3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Flying. 4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Flying. 5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Flying. 6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Flying. 7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Flying. 8.00 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Flying. 9.00 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. Flying. 10.00 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. Flying. 11.00 p.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. Flying. 5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. Flying. 6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. Flying. 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Flying. 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Flying. 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Flying. 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Flying. 11.00 a.m. to 12.00 a.m. Flying. 12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. Flying. 1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. Flying. 2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Flying. 3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. Flying. 4.00 a.m

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

"BINKIANG"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 24th Nov.
"HUPHAI"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 24th Nov.
"SHANGHAI"	Keelung	Noon 24th Nov.
"SHANGHAI"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 28th Nov.
"TUNING"	Djakarta & Sourabaya	3 p.m. 29th Nov.
"HANYANG"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 30th Nov.
"KWEIKANG"	Singapore & Penang	10 a.m. 1st Dec.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	Noon 1st Dec.
"SOOCHOW"	Yokohama	5 p.m. 1st Dec.
"POYANG"	Osaka & Kobe	2 p.m. 9th Dec.
"SZICHUEN"	Singapore & Penang	10 a.m. 10th Dec.

Sails from Custodian Wharf

ARRIVALS FROM

"SHANGHAI"	Singapore	25th Nov.
"HANYANG"	Tientsin	25/26th Nov.
"SHANGHAI"	Sibu	26/27th Nov.
"SOOCHOW"	Bangkok	28th Nov.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 29th Nov.
"TOOKHOW"	Djakarta & Sibu	2nd Dec.
"SZICHUEN"	Kobe	5/6th Dec.

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO

"SHANGHAI"	Singapore	29th Nov.
"HANYANG"	Japan	30th Nov.
"TAIWAN"	Singapore & Melbourne	8th Dec.
"TAIWAN"	Japan	8th Dec.
"CHANGSHA"	Singapore & Melbourne	16th Dec.

ARRIVALS FROM

"HANYANG"	Amoy & Nauru	28th Nov.
"CHANGSHA"	Kobe	28th Nov.
"TAIWAN"	Australia & Manila	4th Dec.
"TAIWAN"	Yokohama	5th Dec.
"CHANGSHA"	Yokohama	13th Dec.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said

"ANTYANAX"	Genoa, London & Holland via Manila	4 p.m. 22nd Nov.
"CLYTONEUS"	Casablanca & Liverpool	24th Nov.
"PATROCLOS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Dec.
"AENEAS"	Liverpool & Glasgow via Manila	7th Dec.

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails	Sails	Arrives
Liverpool	Rotterdam	Hong Kong
S. "ASCANIUS"	Sailed	26th Nov.
G. "AENEAS"	do	5th Dec.
S. "AGAPENOR"	do	11th Dec.
G. "PERSEUS"	do	15th Dec.
S. "AUTOMEDON"	do	23rd Dec.
G. "MYRMIDON"	28th Nov.	5th Jan.
S. "ATREUS"	4th Dec.	11th Jan.
G. "PYRRHUS"	12th Dec.	17th Jan.
S. "BELLEROPHON"	18th Dec.	23rd Jan.

G. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool.
S. Loading Swansea before Liverpool.
Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & also large cargo.

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING via MANILA FROM

U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"BATAAN"	20th Dec.
"DONA ALICIA"	25th Dec.

Sailing for Kingston, New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia via Japan, San Francisco, Los Angeles and Cristobal.
"AGAMEMNON" 12th Dec.

Cathay Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K. (on return)
HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4)	8:00 a.m. Tues. Fri. 8:45 a.m. Wed. Sat.	
HK/Hanoi/Haiphong (DC-4)	Connects at Bangkok with U.B.A. to Rangoon	
HK/Singapore (DC-4)	10:00 a.m. Tues. 1:15 p.m. Wed.	
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo (DC-3)	12:00 a.m. Wed. 3:45 p.m. Thurs.	

All the above subject to Alteration without notice.

For passage and Freight Particulars please apply to

1 CONNAUGHT RD. C. Tel. 30331 8
BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875, 32144, 24878.



ARRIVALS

SHIPS	FROM	DUE
"BENCLEUCH"	U.K. via Singapore	In Port
"BENWYVIS"	do	27th Nov.
"BENVORLICH"	do	on or abt. 19th Dec.
"BENCLEUCH"	Japan	26th Dec.
"BENLOMOND"	U.K. via B.N.B.	28th Dec.
"BENRINNES"	U.K. via Singapore	18th Jan.
"BENVENUE"	U.K. via Singapore	20th Jan.
"BENVORLICH"	Japan	29th Jan.

SAILINGS Loading on or abt.

"BENCLEUCH"	Kobe & Yokohama	K/Wharf
"BENWYVIS"	Avonmouth, Havre & London	2nd Dec.
"BENVORLICH"	Kobe & Yokohama	23rd Dec.
"BENCLEUCH"	Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Hamburg, Antwerp & Hull	26th Dec.
"BENLOMOND"	Havre, Liverpool, Avonmouth	31st Dec.
"BENRINNES"	Avonmouth, Havre & London	24th Jan.
"BENVORLICH"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Hamburg & Hull	29th Jan.
"BENVENUE"	Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Hamburg, Antwerp & Hull	27th Feb.

Via Singapore, Port Swettenham & Port Sudan.

• Calla Manila, Taiwan, Sandakan & Jesselton.

• Calla Manila, Cebu, Taiwan, Sandakan, Jesselton & Labuan.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

Agents

York Building. Telephone: 34165.

CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG

PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOONS)

Price, 20 cents per copy.

Saturdays 30 cents

Subscription: \$6.00 per month.

Postage: China and Macao \$1.60

per month. U.K., British Possessions

and other countries \$3.00 per month.

News contributions, always welcome

should be addressed to the

Editor, business communications

and advertisements to the Secretary

Telephone: 26811 (5 Lines)

Kowloon Office: Salisbury Road, Telephone: 62638.

Classified Advertisements

20 WORDS \$4.00

for 1 DAY PREPAID

ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS

\$1.50 PER DAY

10 cents PER WORD OVER 20

Births, Deaths, Marriages,

Personal \$5.00 per insertion

not exceeding 25 words, 25

cents each additional word.

ALTERNATE INSERTIONS

10% EXTRA

If not prepaid a booking fee

of 50 cents is charged.

FOR SALE

WEIGHTS AND MEASUREMENTS

of cargo exported from Hong-

kong and South China, compiled by

the Survey Department, \$15 per

copy. On sale at "S. C. M. Post."

CHIVALRY ANTIEN SCRIPT. An

attractive stationery of distinction.

In boxes of forty fly sheets and

forty envelopes or eighty single

sheets and forty envelopes. \$6 per

box. On sale at "S. C. M. Post."

DEVON VALLEY. Blotting Paper.

White in sheets 17 1/2" x 23 1/2" cut

to any size. 25 cents per sheet. \$9

per 100. Available at South China

Morning Post.

WILL FORMS. Power of Attorney

Forms, Tenancy Agreement Forms

on sale at "S. C. M. Post."

COLUMBIA COPPERPLATE PEN-

CILS. 118 and B \$22 per gross. \$3

per dozen. \$3.30 each on sale at

"S. C. M. Post."

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE

1932 Annual Return Forms are on

sale at "S. C. M. Post."

NOTICE

CHINA LIGHT & POWER

COMPANY LIMITED

Notice To Shareholders

Notice is hereby given that the Directors of China Light & Power Co., Ltd. intend to recommend at the Annual General Meeting a final dividend of 60 cents per share, free of tax, on fully paid shares in respect of the year ended 30th September, 1951.

Dividends will be paid on a pro rata basis in respect of partly paid or bonus shares.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

P. W. A. WOOD,

Secretary & Chief Accountant

Hongkong, 20th Nov., 1951.

DON'T WASTE WATER

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

OWING TO ADVANCE RESERVATIONS, NO FURTHER ADVERTISING SPACE IS AVAILABLE IN THE "SUNDAY POST-HERALD" FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER. A LIMITED AMOUNT OF SPACE (WHOLE OR HALF PAGES EXCEPTED) IS AVAILABLE IN THE "SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST" AND THE "CHINA MAIL".

* THE ABOVE DOES NOT REFER TO GOVERNMENT NOTICES, SPECIAL NOTIFICATIONS AND CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

4,000 Women In Queue For Cheap Carpets

London, Nov. 21.

Four thousand women, in minis and out of Daimlers, in head-scarves and out of buses, queued in Mossley, Lancs, to buy carpets at 1s. 4d. a lb.

Men were there, too, outside an old mill off the main street. And there were vans, carts, traps, prams, and barrows to take the carpets away.

The crocodile of would-be buyers stretched for four streets and was controlled by police. It began at midnight, was 1,000 strong and 80 yards long by 6 a.m., and at 9 a.m., when the doors opened, it was a quarter of a mile long.

Twenty-seven-year-old Peter Sheldon, from a Bolton cotton-waste firm, was selling 1,800 carpets, weighing 36 tons, salvaged from a ship which caught fire in the Thames.

The system was to admit 20 buyers for 10 minutes at a time. Each was handed a blue numbered ticket, which had to be given up when a carpet was bought. Nobody was allowed more than one carpet.

Mr Sheldon rarely had a good word to say about his carpets. He reckoned they cost £2,500 after paying for drying and transport.

He had already sold 800 for £2,000. Of the 1,000 left, he said 500 were "damaged". Six women and four men helped him show the carpets. And he would say: "Here's one with six holes, but it might do for cutting up and patching. 'I wouldn't buy it, but one of you might have a use for it. You, madam? All right, take it away. Leave your blue ticket and pay at the weigh office downstairs."

80 AN HOUR
He sold like this at the rate of 80 carpets an hour. Sometimes he warned "This one is rotten. It rips at a touch. The pile has gone."

From the sales room, purchases were lowered to the weigh office, where a girl registered each sale. The heaviest carpet weighed 100lb., and cost £6 13s. 4d., of which £1 13s. 4d. was purchase tax.

Mr Sheldon broadcast to the queue: "There are not many carpets left. I advise everybody in the last 100 yards not to wait any longer."

Some women left the queue to bid for carpets which buyers were willing to resell. A woman paid £5 8s. to a man for a carpet bundle which he said he got for £4 15s.

She said: "I have waited a long time for this. I am satisfied."

5,000 Years Old

Soria, Nov. 21.
Don Teogones Ortega, a commissioner for Archaeological Excavations, has reported the discovery of 150 primitive paintings on rocks near here. They are believed to be 5,000 years old.—Reuter.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

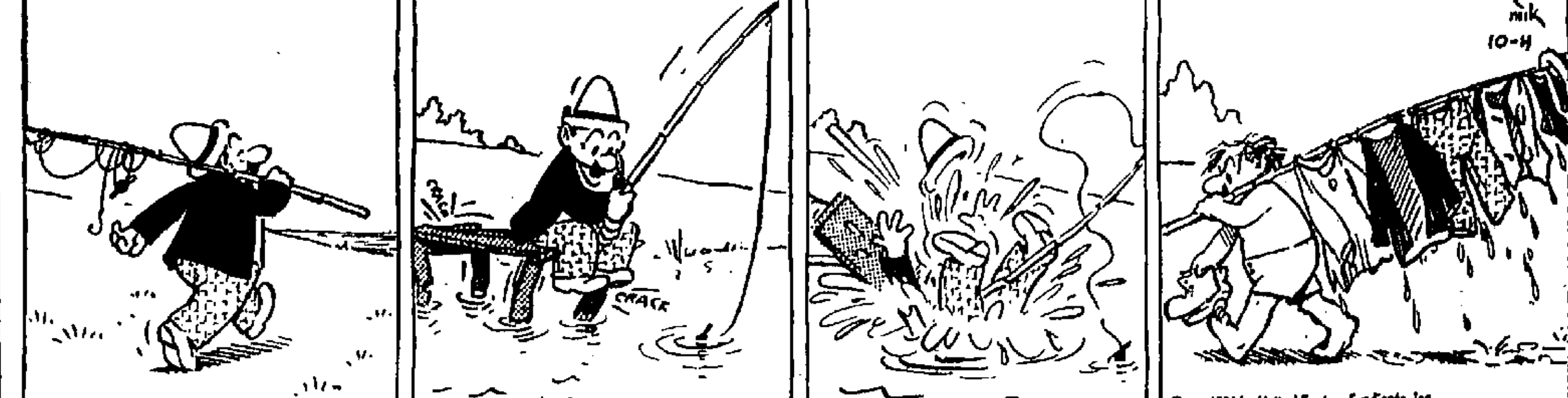
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



FERD'NAND

Poor Fish!

By Mik



NANCY

Leading A Dog's Life

By Ernie Bushmiller



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



P&O B.I.E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER / FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Arrives Hongkong
"CHUSAN"	2nd November	30th November
"CORFU"	15th November	17th December
"CANTON"	13th December	14th January

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore

Homewards

Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CANTON"	23rd December
"CORFU"	31st December
"CHUSAN"	21st January
"CANTON"	18th February

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden & London.

FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Due Hongkong	From
"SOMALI"	11th December	London & Continent
"TREVORE"	20th December	—

Homewards

Leaves Hongkong	For
"SINGAPORE"	11th December

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Genoa, Marseilles, London, Hamburg, Antwerp & Rotterdam, with liberty to call at Bombay if inducement offers.

Tanks available for carriage of oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited passenger accommodation.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"WARLA"	due 23rd Nov.	from Japan
	sails 24th Nov.	for Singapore & Chittagong
"TAIREA"	due 5th Dec.	from Japan
		for Singapore

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

from Japan

